

The Crittenden Press.

VOLUME 22.

MARION, CRITTENDEN COUNTY, KENTUCKY, APRIL 25, 1901.

NO 46

THE LATEST.

State News Told In Brief Paragraphs.

At Danville a jury gave Reuben Quinn the death penalty for the murder of Policeman Crum.

Licking, Salt, Green and Kentucky rivers are on a rampage, owing to the incessant rains, and much damage has been done.

Lexington, April 21.—The home of George W. Bain, the temperance lecturer was destroyed by fire this afternoon. Loss \$5,000.

Justice J. H. Little, one of the oldest citizens of Paducah, took an overdose of morphine Sunday evening from which he died Monday.

Senator Deboe states that the President will appoint A. M. J. Cochran Federal Judge in the new Kentucky District instead of ex-Gov Bradley.

The grand jury at Owensboro indicted Commonwealth's Attorney J. Edwin Rowe, charging that he accepted money for dismissing gambling cases.

Williamstown, Ky., April 17.—Several thousand acres of land, lying in the northern part of Grant county have been leased by the Standard Oil Company, who will bore for oil.

Owensboro, Ky., April 20.—Harry Lancaster, aged three years, a son of Pat Lancaster, died last night of consumption. Physicians say that he has had the disease since birth.

Jackson, Ky., April 20.—Minnie Spears, aged 20, wife of James Spears, committed suicide by taking morphine. A quarrel with her husband is assigned as a reason for the rash act.

Madisonville, Ky., April 20.—John D. Wallace, a prominent farmer of Webster county, has been arrested, charged with criminally assaulting Mrs. Ed Dockery, the wife of a neighbor.

Williamsburg, Ky., April 18.—Robert Winkler, the little son of druggist H. C. Winkler, who moved here from Louisville about a year ago, died in great agony last night from eating raisins.

Henderson, Ky., April 20.—The Hon. A. O. Stanley, of this city, has declared his intention of becoming a candidate for Congress from the Second Congressional district.

Henderson, Ky., April 22.—The Coal City and tow on her down trip collided with pier No. 4 of the Henderson bridge, sinking five barges of coal. She had 45 pieces in her tow. Two hands were drowned.

Pineville, Ky., April 17.—Miss Malinda Burns, aged eleven years, and Solomon Baker, aged thirteen years, were married in the county clerk's office here. The parents of the young people were present and gave their consent.

Owensboro, Ky., April 20.—Collector Franks is in receipt of a letter from Commissioner of Internal Revenue Yerkes, which states that the revenue office is in excellent condition, adding: "The grade of your office is fixed at No. 1." He states that but three offices in the country attained this grade. This is a most desirable compliment.

Hopkinsville, April 17.—The hotel at Gracey, with all its contents, burned last night. It caught from a defective flue in the kitchen and the roof was in flame when the occupants discovered the danger and escaped. Loss \$3,500, partly insured.

Attorney General W. L. Taylor of Indiana, gives out an interview which is interpreted to mean that Gov. Durbin will not honor a requisition for the return of the Goebel murder conspirators to Kentucky.

Louisville Times: The peach crop is safe this year and there will be an abundance of the fruit. Indeed dealers are already beginning to predict that there will be too many peaches and that the quality will not be so fine and that the prices will be so low that it will not pay to pick the fruit from the trees.

After being out less than two hours the jury in the case of Garrett Ripley found him not guilty of participating in the conspiracy to kill William Goebel. The effect of the trial upon the other cases is not certain, but it is taken to show that Taylor, Finley, and other fugitives, if guiltless, need not fear to return to ask a fair trial.

Earlington, Ky., April 17.—A tragedy was enacted at Nortonville, seven miles north of here, last evening, when Isaac Todd, a non-union miner employed at the Oak Hill Coal Company's mines, of that place, was shot and killed by Oscar Garrett, a union miner and ex-employer of the same company.

Senator Deboe stated to Louisville Republicans that Judge Cochran had practically been determined upon by President McKinley, as Judge of the new Federal district in Kentucky. He denied that he had weakened on former Gov Bradley and said there was no truth in the report that ex-Gov Bradley's testimony in the Ripley trial had prejudiced his chances for the judgeship. He said Judge Cochran had been promised the place when Judge Evans was given the appointment at Louisville.

Chicago, April 18.—Charles H. Sweeney, a wealthy cotton planter of Greenville, Ky., early today shot and killed his wife and then blew out his brains. He called at a friends house where his wife was stopping. He asked for his wife and hearing his voice she appeared. Seizing her he drew a revolver and told the boy to run. Before the terrified woman could scream Sweeney sent a bullet through her brain, killing her instantly. Placing the weapon to his own head, he fired, and dropped a corpse beside the body of his wife. Mrs. Sweeney was a daughter of Thomas P. Morgan, an extensive planter in Greenville, Ky. The tragedy was the result of a divorce suit.

Bowling Green, Ky., April 18.—Thos. Poteet, a merchant of this county, enjoys the unusual distinction of having seven living wives. He went west and lived several years. Four of his former wives, he says, lived in Western states, two in Edmondson county, this state, and one, the wife with whom he now lives, in this county. He has been divorced from all six of his former wives on different grounds. He claims not to know exactly how many children he has, but says the number is between eighteen and twenty-two. He has two children by his present wife. Mr. Poteet is fifty-four years of age and is well known in the vicinity where he at present resides.

Chicago, April 22.—A dispatch to the Record-Herald from Indianapolis says: If the plans that are being matured here do not miscarry Mayor Taggart of this city will be made chairman of the democratic national committee before the end of the present year, and a systematic organization will be begun throughout the states of the South and West to make David B. Hill, of New York, the party nominee for president at the next national convention. The parliamentary steps in this organization have already been taken, and more than a majority of the members of the national committee are pledged to Mayor Taggart and the mayor and the men who are back of his candidacy are pledged to Hill.

It is now thought that the worst of the flood in the upper Ohio and its tributaries is over, though the crest of the high water has not reached the points below Pittsburgh. At that city the water has receded, but great damage will be done before it reaches its normal level. The loss in the Allegheny and Monongahela valleys will amount to several million dollars while thousands of people have been thrown out of work and many are temporarily homeless. Numerous washouts have been reported along the railroads in the flooded district, and river towns have suffered severely. It was expected that the highest stage will be reached in Cincinnati by Tuesday morning. The backwater has already inundated all the bottoms of Mill Creek valley and most of the Little Miami valley. No loss of life has been reported as a direct result of the high water. The rain and snow continue at many points throughout the upper Ohio water shed.

Bob Taylor on "The Morning." Bob Taylor's apostrophe to sunrise, which is going the rounds of the press, is as follows: "I saw the morning with the purgiver and the burnished bow stand tiptoe on the horizon, and shoot sunbeams at the vanishing night, and then reach up and gather the stars and hide them in her bosom and bend town and tinkle the slumbering world with straws of light until it awoke with laughter and song. "A thousand bugle calls from the rosy fire of the east heralded her coming; a thousand smiling meadows kissed her garments as she passed and ten thousand laugh ing gardens unfurled their flowery flags to her. The heart of the deep forests trobbled a tribute to bird song and the bright water rippled a melody of welcome. Youth and love, radiant with joy, came hand-in-hand tripping and dancing in her shining train, and I wished the heaven of morning might last forever!"

THE LOST FOUND.

A Missing Marion Man Returned To His Home.

The Story of His Wanderings Among The Zinc and Lead Veins.—He Starts to Interview Etidorhra But is Sent Home by Mail.

During the past few weeks the editor of the PRESS caused to be inserted the following advertisement in several of the leading papers throughout the country:

LOST OR MISLAIN.—The Mining Reporter of the "Crittenden Press." When last heard from he wore a number seven and three-eighths hat, and carried a corn on his right foot. If his head is not unduly swelled the same size hat will fit him—also the corn. If found please return him to this office by United States mail as fourth class matter. P.S. Prepay the postage.

Yesterday morning we had an unusually heavy mail. Postmaster Crider had to ask the assistance of one of his helpers to raise and open a very large mail pouch. Amid fragments of galena, zinc blende, carbonates and pieces of fluor spar, combined with the odor of hydro chloric acid, the missing man fell out. He was simply bubbling over with enthusiasm. As near as we could understand his language he continued to repeat:

There will be a hot time
In the old town next month.
There will be a hot time.

His story will appear on the first page of next week's PRESS, and will be found full of facts as well as "fancies."

FROM OVER THE SEA

The Remains of a Crittenden Boy Are Brought for Burial.

The remains of Wiley M. Tudor a son of Mr. Wm. Tudor, of Crittenden county, who belonged to Company A, 22d U. S. Infantry, arrived at Sturgis last week by express from San Francisco, Cal., in care of Mr. J. Collins Wilson, of Sturgis. The deceased had been dead for more than a year, having died of pernicious malarial fever in the Philippine islands March 31st, 1900. The corpse had long been buried in the far away island of the Pacific Ocean, but through the persistent efforts of Mr. Wilson in behalf of the dead man's father and relatives the military authorities were induced to have the body exhumed and placed in a hermetically sealed metallic burial case, and started on its homeward journey of fifteen thousand miles. On its arrival at San Francisco last Friday Mr. Wilson received a telegram announcing the fact and that it would be forwarded to him at once. Sunday afternoon the remains of the soldier boy who died in a strange land, thousands and thousands of miles from the loved ones in the Old Kentucky home, were laid to rest in the cemetery near Bells Mines church, wherein his mother sleeps.

THE LOST FOUND.

Secure Tickets Early.

Next week tickets for the Taylor lecture can be secured at the low price of 60 cents, general admission, and 85 cents reserved seats. After Saturday the prices will be 75 cents and \$1.00. Take advantage of the low prices and secure your seats. The demand will be great; buy early and get good seats. On sale at Woods & Fowler's.

Window shades, all sizes and colors, at Boston & Walker's.

OFFICIAL CALL

For Democratic Primary Election to be Held May 11, 1901.

For the purpose of nominating a Democratic candidate for the office of representative from [the counties of Crittenden and Livingston, to be voted for at the November election, 1901, a primary election is hereby called, and the same to be conducted under the following conditions:

1. Said primary is to be held throughout Crittenden and Livingston counties at the various regular voting places therein on Saturday, May 11th, 1901, between the hours of 7 o'clock, a. m. and 4 o'clock, p. m.

2. This primary will not be held under, or governed by the laws of this State regulating elections, but will be conducted by the Democratic Chairmen and Committees of said two counties.

3. The election at each voting precinct will be conducted by two judges and one clerk, each of whom shall be appointed by the Democratic Committee Chairman of the county in which they shall serve.

4. All the voting shall be by secret ballot, and at the close of the polls the officers of each election precinct shall count the vote cast, and make and sign a certificate showing the number of votes cast for each candidate, at said precinct; this certificate, together with the poll books and all ballots voted at said precinct, shall be delivered by the clerk to his county Chairman on or before the following Tuesday, May 14th, and on the following Thursday, May 16th, the Chairmen of the two counties shall meet at Salem, Ky., and count and canvass the vote cast in the two counties, and give certificate of nomination to the candidate receiving the greatest number of votes.

5. If for any cause either county Chairman can not attend the final count to be held at Salem May 16th, then the Secretary of his county committee shall be authorized to act in place of his Chairman.

6. All legal voters, who have affiliated with the Democratic party heretofore, and all young men who will be legal voters at the coming November election, and who will affiliate with the Democratic party, are invited to participate and vote in said primary election.

Given under our hands this, the 6th day of April, 1901.

P. S. MAXWELL,
Chairman Crittenden Co. Democratic Committee.

RID REED,
Chairman Livingston Co. Democratic Committee.

Hay for Sale.

Have a lot of fine timothy hay for sale. Any one desiring first-class hay should call on or address J. E. Flanary, Lewis Ferry.

Reduced Rates to the Races.

On account of the meeting of the New Louisville Jockey Club, Louisville, Ky., April 29th, to May 11th, the following reduced rates will be made: Rate of one and one-third fare for tickets sold April 28th to May 11th, inclusive, limited to May 13, 1001, for return.

On account of Derby day, April 29th, Oak stakes day, May 6, and Oak staker day, May 11th, rate of one fare for the round trip will be made. On tickets sold for trains arriving in Louisville forenoon of April 29th, May 6th and May 11th only, such tickets will be limited to two days from date of sale for return passage.

T. C. Jameson, Agent.

Cures Eczema, Itching Humors.

B. B. B. (Botanic Blood Balm) taken internally will kill all the humors of the blood that cause the awful itching of Eczema, Scabies, Sores, Ulcers, watery blisters, boils, aching bones and joints, prickly pains in the skin, old itching sores, etc. Botanic Blood Balm will make the blood pure, rich, heal every sore and permanently stop all itching sensations. Botanic Blood Balm gives the glow of health to the skin. It is at drug stores \$1. Trial treatment free by writing Blood Balm Co., Atlanta, Ga. Describe trouble and free medical advice given until cured. Costs nothing to try B. B. B., as medicine is sent prepaid.

Kittinger & Stinnett

Have opened their new store. There you will find:

Ladies and Gents
Furnishing Goods.

A Beautiful Stock
of Millinery.

Ladies and Gents
Tailor-made Clothing.

Large line of Fine Shoes.

Only the best quality of goods compose their large stock.

Dr. M. Ravdin,

Office with Dr. A. J. Knapp, suite 10, Arcade building, EVANSVILLE, Ind.

Practice limited to diseases of the
Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat.

GLASSES FITTED.

Marion Bank

Established 1837.

Capital paid up.....\$20,000
Surplus.....5,000

We offer to depositors and patrons every facility which their balances, business and responsibility warrant.

J. W. PLUE, Pres.
T. J. YANDELL, Cashier.

DR. H. F. RAY, The Osteopath

Treats all chronic diseases
Without Faith, Drugs or knife.

Osteopathy is "THE DRUGLESS SCIENCE." Consultation free at office. Charges only \$25.00 per month. Money due when the treatment begins. Further information gladly given either in person or by mail.

H. F. RAY, D. O., MARION, KY.

R. F. DORR, FUNERAL DIRECTOR and EMBALMER.

Complete stock of Coffins, Caskets, Burial Robes and Slippers. Fine Hearses for funeral occasions. Prompt attention given all orders, day or night.

Picture Frames Made to Order. Marion, Ky.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER

ABSOLUTELY PURE

Makes the food more delicious and wholesome

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

THE CRITTENDEN PRESS

PUBLISHED WEEKLY.

MARION, : : : KENTUCKY.

A WEEK'S RECORD

All the News of the Past Seven Days Condensed.

HOME AND FOREIGN ITEMS

News of the Industrial Field, Personal and Political Items, Happenings at Home and Abroad.

THE NEWS FROM ALL THE WORLD

DOMESTIC.

Mrs. Carrie Nation was fined \$500 for obstructing a street in Kansas City, Mo., and the fine was suspended so long as she stays out of the city.

Mrs. John Isley, near Spring Place, Tenn., gave birth to four babies.

The Northern Pacific railway will establish a line of steamships from Puget sound to Liverpool via the Suez canal.

Judge Elliott at Milwaukee discharged two Christian Scientists, on trial for practicing medicine without a license. He held the defendants treated wholly by prayer.

The United States has made a proposition to the powers to fix the Chinese indemnity at \$200,000,000.

Labor unions threaten to tie up every mill controlled by the billion-dollar steel trust. They will demand recognition.

Treasury officials are worried about the over-speculation in Wall street and request New York banks to be more conservative.

Hundreds of divorces granted by the courts of the Dakotas and other states have been declared invalid by the United States supreme court.

Rev. Rollo R. Stevens resigned from the Chicago Presbytery after it refused him permission to retire from the ministry.

John A. Kasson, special reciprocity commissioner, declined to take his salary because the senate failed to approve the treaties.

Rev. Edwin J. Oliver, pastor of an Evangelical church at Peru, Ind., was killed by a train as he was starting for Aurora, Ill., to marry Miss Selfrink.

The United States supreme court decided the war revenue tax on export bills of lading illegal.

The Arkansas legislature passed a bill requiring persons who drink liquor to secure a license.

The battleship Wisconsin returned to San Francisco after a practice cruise that proved it to be an excellent sea boat.

Marquis Obizzo Malispina di Carbonara will succeed Baron Fava as Italian ambassador at Washington.

Maryland republicans will educate illiterate negroes to prevent their disfranchisement.

Robbers entered the post office at Washington, Ind., and took \$655 in stamps and \$300 in money.

In a runaway accident at Burlington, Mich., Mrs. William Dunlap was killed and Mrs. George Cole fatally injured.

Engineer Meinzer was killed and six persons hurt in an Illinois Central wreck at Woodbine, Ia.

A terrific blizzard, with zero weather, caused the loss of many cattle and sheep on ranges in Colorado and Wyoming.

Gov. Dockery, of Missouri, has vetoed the compulsory education bill.

Bob Fitzsimmons was arrested in New York for wife beating.

Frank Major was hanged at Meadville, Pa., for the murder of Police Chief McGrath.

The transport Ohio sailed from San Francisco for Manila with a battalion of the Thirtieth Infantry, numbering 600 men.

F. B. Loomis, United States minister to Venezuela, arrived in New York.

License or no license was fought out in Illinois village elections, with honors about even.

Mrs. H. B. Tunure shot and killed her husband and herself at Mason City, Ia., while insane. Six children are left orphans.

By the fall of a derrick near Buffalo, N. Y., William Dahlgreen and Nicholas Green were killed and Wesley Eddy and A. L. Cameron fatally injured.

City and town elections were held in South Dakota and license carried in nearly every town where the question was up.

Postmaster General Smith has issued an order permitting letter carriers to wear shirt waists in summer.

Chicago university defeated Michigan university in their opening ball game of the season, 7 to 6.

The United States battleship Maine will probably be launched in Philadelphia on Memorial day.

Melvin R. Baldwin, an ex-congressman from Minnesota, killed himself at Seattle, Wash., because of business reverses.

A deal is said to have been completed whereby the Morgan-Hill syndicate gets control of the Burlington road.

William Zimmer celebrated his one hundred and second birthday at his home in Clinton, Ia.

The Indianapolis News has purchased its afternoon rival, the Press.

Porto Rico is to enjoy free trade with the United States on and after July 1 this year.

Theresa Vaughn, the talented actress, has been placed in an asylum for the insane at Worcester, Mass.

The New York Central shops at Rochester, N. Y., were destroyed by fire.

The Lemars National bank of Lemars, Ia., was closed because Vice President T. F. Ward was short \$30,000 in his account.

Archbishop Keane was invested with the insignia of office at Dubuque, Ia., in the presence of a notable gathering of clergy.

Northern bricklayers refuse to work beside negroes at Jackson, Miss. As a result work on the new capitol is stopped.

The post office at Tarpon Springs, Fla., was robbed of more than \$1,000 in cash and a large amount of stamps.

Harry Cain and Paul Baumgardner, 17-year-old boys, were in jail at Wilcox, Mo., charged with trying to wreck a train.

The strike of the coal-hoisting engineers in the Massillon (O.) district, which has kept 4,000 miners idle for two weeks, has been settled.

The United Mine Workers society last year expended \$153,000 for the relief of strikers and their families.

Senators Proctor and Cockrell gave the president information of the condition of affairs in Cuba as investigated by them.

The National league baseball season opened, but only one game was played, Brooklyn beating Philadelphia 12 to 7.

The president has been asked by representatives of the Boers to prevent British shipment of mules from New Orleans.

Because his parents objected to his marriage to Anna Linberg, Frederick J. Fisher shot his sweetheart and himself at Elmira, N. Y.

Augusta, a little town in Ohio, was almost wiped out by fire.

Gen. Andrew M. Anderson, aged 60, commandant of the soldiers' home in Sandusky, O., dropped dead from heart disease.

The Lake Shore "limited" ran over five persons on a trip from Chicago to New York, killing three of them.

Secretary Root has ordered Gen. MacArthur to reduce the army in the Philippines to 40,000 men, which is the result of improved conditions in the islands.

Evelyn B. Baldwin, head of the Baldwin-Ziegler polar expedition, has sailed for Europe to complete his plans.

A quarryman, seeking work, walked with his wife and four small children from Fayette, Pa., to New York city, a distance of 500 miles.

The transport Rosecrans arrived at San Francisco, after taking 43 Filipino generals to Guam as prisoners of war.

At Frances, Col., two engines and a snow plow were hurled down the mountain side and four men were killed.

Charles H. Sweeney, a wealthy resident of Nashville, Tenn., went to Chicago when he heard his wife contemplated a divorce suit and killed her and himself.

David H. Creech, an elderly capitalist at Jackson, Mich., tried to kill his wife, who had just secured a divorce.

The Indiana supreme court rules that city authorities cannot exclude automobiles or any vehicle propelled by other than horse power from the streets.

A terrific storm swept over portions of Alabama and Tennessee, destroying much property.

PERSONAL AND POLITICAL.

Maj. John H. Belcher, U. S. A. (retired), dropped dead in Boston.

Gen. Alexander C. McClurg, soldier, publisher, litterateur and one of Chicago's foremost citizens, died at St. Augustine, Fla., aged 67 years.

Phineas Merrill Blodgett, who had voted for 18 presidents of the United States, died in Chicago at the age of 91.

Maj. Joseph Smith Erice, the oldest graduate of West Point, died in New York at the age of 93 years.

Bishop John Jacob Esher, of the Evangelical church, died in Chicago at the age of 78 years.

The republican state committee of Iowa called the state convention for August 7 at Cedar Rapids.

Rev. Justin D. Fulton, D. D., a noted Baptist clergyman, died at his home in Somerville, Mass.

Mrs. Rebecca May celebrated her one hundred and first birthday in Newcastle, Ind.

Lucy Lifer, 109 years old, died at her home near Hick's Store, Ky.

Miss Sartoris, granddaughter of U. S. Grant, is engaged to Archibald Balfour, of London.

A new political party, "The Greater New York Democracy," has been organized to fight Tammany Hall.

Richard P. Rothwell, editor of the Mining Journal, died at his home in New York.

Commander Charles O. Allibone, of the gunboat Wilmington, died of heart disease at Cavite, P. I.

FOREIGN.

The Cuban constitutional convention appointed a commission of five to visit Washington and explain the desires of the convention to President McKinley.

Judge Steyn has been re-elected president of the Orange Free State.

The Philippine commission has been informed by Mgr. Chappelle that the friars will not return to the provinces and only enough will remain in Manila to act as instructors in the colleges.

Sir Alfred Milner, former British high commissioner in South Africa, says in his official report that the Boers have steadily gained ground during the last six months of the campaign.

The palace of the empress was burned at Peking. It was occupied by Count Von Waldersee and staff, who saved only their military papers.

Four persons were killed by a boiler explosion on a river steamer near Fort Langley, B. C.

Opposition to religious orders is growing more violent in Portugal.

SOUTHERN GLEANINGS.

What the Governor of Georgia Says.
Says a New York dispatch: Gov. H. D. Candler of Georgia, who is at the Fifth Avenue hotel, in an interview said:
"Georgia is in a better condition today in every way than she has been for a generation. There are contentment and prosperity among all classes. The last cotton crop was a good one, and the planters and farmers are nearly all out of debt. Manufacturing is springing up all over the state, and many cotton mills are being erected. While our coal and iron interests are not so large as those of some other states, it is not improbable they will be absorbed by the trusts. That seems to be the trend of events. I am glad to say that there has been a marked decrease in the number of lynchings in our state, and I have been cordially aided by other officials in employing every resource to secure a fair trial to all men accused of crime. There were only six lynchings in Georgia last year, while in 1899 there were more than twice that many. The abominable crimes of which lynchings are the result are not the work of Georgian-born negroes. These are committed by colored men who are fugitives from other states."

Met Death in a Singular Manner.
Constable Thomas Farrell, of Arlington, near Memphis, Tenn., met a singular death by the accidental discharge of his pistol. The officer had arrested Frank Crofford, a negro, wanted in Mississippi on a charge of murder. The negro was held in a room pending the arrival of a man to identify him. Crofford's friends decided to rescue him, precipitating a small-sized riot. They made an attack, breaking a door in on the officer. The constable warned them he would shoot and finally struck one of the negroes with the butt end of his pistol. The cartridge exploded, the ball entering the officer's body, and he died in a short while, and the prisoner escaped.

They Called It Sport.
Not long ago a prominent Chinaman died in St. Louis. Two men forced their way into the room where the corpse was, secured the body and carried it 20 squares to a saloon, where, it is said, liquor was forced down the throat, and other sports indulged in. The two men were arrested, but the prosecutor released them, alleging that the police had furnished him with no evidence. A St. Louis paper says if such a thing had occurred in China, and the body of a prominent American had been the cause of the "sport," Uncle Sam would demand that heads should fall.

Prominent Physician Assassinated.
Dr. Hall S. Scruggs, one of the leading physicians of Shelby county, Tenn., was assassinated at night on Poplar boulevard, one of the most prominent thoroughfares leading from Memphis, while returning from a professional call. The body of the dead physician fell to the box of the buggy. The horse went direct to the physician's home, passing the house three times, and grazed all night in a grove near the residence.

They Want Him Dismissed.
Dr. Reynolds is lecturer on diseases of the ear, nose and throat in a Louisville (Ky.) hospital. He holds decided views on tobacco, to which he is an uncompromising foe, declaring that many users of the weed are mentally unbalanced. This doctrine is unpopular among the students, the great majority of whom are from tobacco-growing districts, and 200 of the young men have asked that he be dismissed.

Bad Fire at Birmingham.
Fire destroyed the car barns of the Birmingham (Ala.) Railway, Light and Power Co. and burned all the cars but five. The Third Presbyterian church, the residence of the pastor, Rev. J. A. Bryan, and half a block of cottages were also destroyed.

Only One Living.
George W. Boyer, one of the jurors who tried John Brown, died recently at Charlestown, W. Va. But one member of that famous jury now survives—William A. Martin, who lives at Delaplane, Va.

How the South Has Grown.
In 1880 there were 19,170 miles of railway track in the south; in 1900 there were 49,627. In 1880 the south produced 379,401 tons of pig iron; in 1900 the total surpassed 3,000,000.

Col. A. H. Belo Dead.
Col. Alfred H. Belo, of the firm of A. H. Belo & Co., proprietors of the Galveston (Tex.) News, and the Dallas (Tex.) News, died at Asheville, N. C., aged 62.

Four Girl Babies.
Mrs. John Isley, of near Spring Place, Tenn., recently presented her husband with four girls. They each weigh four pounds. They are all living.

Scorpion Will Go to Memphis.
The Scorpion, an unarmored gunboat, is to go up the Mississippi as far as Memphis, on May 31, to participate in the confederate reunion.

Youngest in the State.
Miss Malinda Baker, aged 12, and Solomon Burns, aged 13, were married at Pineville, Ky. They are the youngest married couple in the state.

Tragedy at Memphis.
C. A. Ross, of St. Louis, shot and fatally wounded Jas. Redmond, of New York, at Memphis. The shooting resulted from a heated argument.

REUNION STATION

Is What the Special Reunion Post-office Will Be Called.

NEWLY ADDED AMUSEMENTS
Each Commandant of State Headquarters Furnished Mail for Any Company or Command in His Division.

MEMPHIS, Tenn., April 22.—Veterans will have their own postoffice, which will be located in Confederate Hall, during the coming Reunion. Uncle Sam is determined that the ex-soldiers shall have everything comfortable, and to this end has agreed that the special postoffice be placed at the convenience of all the old veterans and their friends. A special mail will be placed in charge of it and all mail arriving for visitors of the Reunion or members of the different commands of Confederate Veterans or Sons of Veterans will be delivered at the hall, will be there assorted and arranged for delivery, and any visitor expecting a letter from home can find it at headquarters. Each commandant of State headquarters will be furnished with a list of mail for any company or command in his division. Letters may also be delivered from this postoffice and stamps purchased.

This sub-department of Uncle Sam will be under the direction of Postmaster Dutro and will be given his personal attention. The suggestion has met with approval of the committee, which appreciates thoroughly the interest taken in the success of the big Reunion by the postmaster.

Confederate Hall itself is in rapid progress of erection. Already the foundations and floors have been laid, and the raising of the immense arches which are to form the huge skeleton for the lofty dome of the building has been accomplished. As the floor space will afford the largest dancing platform in the entire South, those upon whom will fall the task of providing for the social events of the Reunion are naturally more than interested in the success of the undertaking. Besides the official sponsors and maids of honor, the Sons of Veterans and the Daughters of the Confederacy are busily engaged in planning for the social success of the Reunion, which is thus far so assured that the numerous balls and receptions already arranged for promise to make the Reunion the most brilliant social event thus far known in the history of the association.

The beautiful and picturesque flower parade, mention of which has already been made in these letters, is again coming to the front in the discussions for the providing of the different amusements. The activity in that special direction is most pronounced. Applications from all over the South are being received from those who are anxious to participate, and the plans of those who have already decided to enter the lists for the expensive prizes that have been offered for the most beautifully decorated carriages show that the floral exhibition will be far above any similar entertainment yet given in the country.

There is little doubt now that the city will do its part in the entertainment and amusement of the thousands of visitors. It is now being planned that the city administration take charge of the illumination of the entire line of march during the three days of the Reunion, lighting the streets with brilliant electrical effects, besides arranging for other special illumination features. If this is accomplished the committees who have that part of the work in charge will be enabled to turn their attention to new and more costly illumination and decoration features which will result in the city's being ablaze with vari-colored light from one end to the other.

For the lovers of outdoor sports there will be athletic games in plenty. There will be a professional base ball game every day, besides other attractive inducements to the lovers of that class of amusement. A base ball game between the Little Rock League and the Memphis League will be played in this city the latter part of this month for the purpose of devoting the proceeds to the Reunion work. This concession in allowing the two leagues to play together, something that was never done before, was granted by the president of the Southern League, Mr. R. W. Kent, for the sole purpose of aiding in making the Reunion a success. Already three thousand tickets have been printed and circulated, and it is expected that at the least calculation four thousand people will witness the game. This shows how earnest and widespread the enthusiasm is to make the eleventh gathering of the Confederate Veterans a big and unqualified success.

The following circular has just been issued, calling a meeting and reunion of the survivors of Ashby's Tennessee Cavalry Brigade, by James P. Coffin, of Batesville, Ark.:

Ashby's Tennessee Cavalry Brigade.
The fourth reunion of the survivors of this brigade, which was composed of the First Regiment Tennessee Cavalry, (Wheeler's); Second, (Ashby's); Fifth, (McKenzie's); and Ninth Battalion, (Akin's), will be held at Memphis, Tenn., during the U. C. V. Reunion, May 23 to 30, 1901.

It has been found impossible to definitely locate the place of meeting, but a room has been secured conditionally, and due announcement will be made later, and placards, giving street number, will be posted at the headquarters of the Tennessee Division in Memphis.

The room will be open to the survivors of this brigade and their friends during the three days of the Reunion, and a formal meeting and "lovefeast" will be held at 3 o'clock p. m., Wednesday, May 29, 1901.

For further information address the undersigned.

For the executive committee,
JAMES P. COFFIN, Chairman.
Batesville, Ark., April 8, 1901.

BISHOP HANDY

SAYS

"I Cheerfully Recommend Peruna to All Who Want a Good Tonic and a Safe Cure For Catarrh."

Prominent members of the clergy are giving Peruna their unqualified endorsement. These men find Peruna especially adapted to preserve them from catarrh of the vocal organs which has always been the bane of public speakers, and general catarrhal debility incident to the sedentary life of the clergyman. Among the recent utterances of noted clergymen on the curative virtues of Peruna is the following one from Bishop James A. Handy, D. D., of Baltimore:

"I take great pleasure in acknowledging the curative effects of Peruna. At the solicitation of a friend I used your remedy and cheerfully recommend your Peruna to all who want a good tonic and a safe cure for catarrh."—James A. Handy.

OTHER NOTABLE CURES.

A Husband Escaped the Pangs of Catarrh of the Lungs.

Most Cases of Incipient Consumption are Catarrh.



Edward Stevens.

Mrs. Edward Stevens, of Carthage, N. Y., writes as follows:
"I now take pleasure in notifying you that my husband has entirely recovered from catarrh. He is a well man to-day, thanks to you and Peruna. He took six bottles of your medicine as directed, and it proved to be just the thing for him. His appetite is good and every thing he eats seems to agree with him. His cough has left him and he is gaining in flesh, and seems to be well every way. I hope others will try your medicine and receive the benefits that we have."—Mrs. Edward Stevens.

When the catarrh reaches the throat it is called tonsillitis, or laryngitis. Catarrh of the bronchial tubes is called bronchitis; catarrh of the lungs, consumption. Any internal remedy

that will cure catarrh in one location will cure it in any other location. This is why Peruna has become so justly famous in the cure of catarrhal diseases. It cures catarrh wherever located. Its cures remain. Peruna does not palliate; it cures.

Mrs. Frederick Williams, President of the South Side Ladies' Aid Society of Chicago, Ill., writes the following words of praise for Peruna from 973 Cuyler avenue, Chicago, Ill.:
"My home is never without Peruna, for I have found during the past six years that there is no remedy that will at once alleviate suffering and actually cure, as Peruna does. Four bottles completely cured me of catarrh of the head of several years' standing, and if my husband feels badly, or either of us catch cold, we at once take Peruna, and in a day or two it has thrown the sickness out of the system."—Mrs. Frederick Williams.

Mrs. W. A. Allison, of 759 Sheffield avenue, Chicago, Ill., is the Assistant Matron of the People's Hospital. She has the following to say about Peruna:
"I have had frequent opportunities to observe the wonderful curative effects of Peruna especially on persons suffering with a congested condition of the head, lungs, and stomach, generally called catarrh. It alleviates pain and soreness, increases the appetite and so tones up the entire system that the patient quickly regains strength and health."—Mrs. W. A. Allison.

If you do not derive prompt and satisfactory results from the use of Peruna, write at once to Dr. Hartman, giving a full statement of your case and he will be pleased to give you his valuable advice gratis.

Address Dr. Hartman, President of The Hartman Sanitarium, Columbus, O.

Nurse Wanted.
Young Mother—Do you think baby looks like me or his papa?
Nurse—Like you, mum. Mr. Jenkins is a mighty handsome man.
Advertisement—Wanted—A competent and well-mannered nurse.—Mobile Register.

The Hard Part.
"No," said the society reporter, "it is not so hard to get descriptions of the costumes. The hard part is to write the descriptions so that each lady will consider herself the best dressed woman present."—Baltimore American.

His Voiceless Grief.
Tillets—Tyler looked very sad when he heard that telephoning across the ocean is possible.
Crustham—I suppose he did, poor fellow. It will be an unhappy day for him when he cannot get beyond the reach of his wife's voice.—Harper's Bazar.

She—"You have broken your promise to me, and a broken promise cannot be mended." He—"Oh, I can do better than that. I'll make you a new one."—Philadelphia Record.

ABSOLUTE SECURITY.
Genuine
Carter's Little Liver Pills.

Must Bear Signature of
Wm. Wood
See Fac-Simile Wrapper Below.

Very small and as easy to take as sugar.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.
FOR HEADACHE. FOR DIZZINESS. FOR BILIOUSNESS. FOR TORPID LIVER. FOR CONSTIPATION. FOR SALLOW SKIN. FOR THE COMPLEXION.

Price 25 Cents. Purely Vegetable. *Wm. Wood*
CURE SICK HEADACHE.

PISO'S CURE FOR CONSUMPTION
CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. One in time. Sold by Druggists.



PRICE, 25c.

BETTER SPRING MEDICINE.

There is no way of purifying the blood except nature's way. It is the liver that must do the work; that is one of its chief functions. Do what you like, take what remedies you will, nothing can be accomplished until the liver does it. A few doses of

Storm's Liver Regulator

is apt to accomplish more than a whole bottle of most spring medicines, because the very first dose increases the activity of the liver and every succeeding dose is helping to do just what must be done to purify your blood and increase your energy. Your money back if Storm's Liver Regulator fails to benefit. 50 cents.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.
Prepared by JAMES S. ROBINSON, Memphis, Tenn.

UP TO THE DANGER LINE.

The Condition of the Ohio River Flood Has Reached the Dangerous Stage at Cincinnati.

IT IS RAINING AGAIN AT PITTSBURGH.

While the Waters Have Been Receding There are Fears of Further Rise—A Rough Estimate of Losses—Conditions Along the Rivers Further to the Eastward.

Cincinnati, April 22.—The danger line was reached here in the Ohio river flood which started at the headwaters last week and did so much damage at Pittsburgh and intermediate points. The backwater along the Licking on the Kentucky side has inundated parts of Covington, Newport and other suburbs. The Mill Creek valley is full of water and doing damage in the west end of Cincinnati. A similar condition exists in the east end and along the Little Miami bottoms. But the worst condition is along the public landing and in the lower part of this city where sewers are blocked and cellars filled with backwater. A stage of 45 feet caused damage in this section, and that stage was reached Sunday evening. At 52 feet trains can not enter the Grand Central station; at 55 feet the baseball park is flooded and at 58 feet the races at the track in Newport must stop. All of these limits are in sight. The crest of the Pittsburgh rise is not due here till Tuesday, but the extent has been closely anticipated and preparations made accordingly.

Up to the Danger Line. At 19 a. m. the Ohio river here reached 49 feet, just a foot from what is called the danger line. The rise here is four inches per hour, so that by one o'clock the flood was expected to reach 50 feet. The Grand Central depot could, at this rate, be used till ten o'clock, but the lines entering it are already arranging for stopping at and starting from the Eighth street station. Advice from up the river indicates rain at most points and the river rising as the Pittsburgh crest meets the floods of the lower river tributaries. The situation here and in the lower Ohio river valley is now serious.

Dayton, Ky., Submerged. At Newport, Ky., there was 53 feet at noon, the gauge there being deeper than on the Cincinnati side. A great portion of Dayton, Ky., is submerged.

At Lawrenceburg, Ind., the 50-foot danger line was reached at noon, and a general inundation followed.

Part of Parkersburg Under Water. At Parkersburg, W. Va., Ann, Julian and Market streets are under water, and then first floors of business houses are filled with water. In the river side and south side suburbs the water is in the second stories, and hundreds are homeless. Mayor Vandervoort has appointed relief committees, and appealed to the public for funds.

School Houses for Shelter. At Portsmouth, O., merchants in the lower districts are submerged, and hundreds of residences have been abandoned in that vicinity. Public schools were dismissed so as to use the buildings for sheltering the homeless. The schools were dismissed at 12 noon for the same purpose.

HAUNTED BY FRESH FEARS.

A Repetition of the Flood Feared in Western Pennsylvania.

Pittsburgh, Pa., April 22.—While western Pennsylvania was fairly out of the clutches of the flood Monday morning, a quick repetition of the disaster and, perhaps, on an increased scale seemed to haunt the people. Weather conditions are not reassuring. It is again raining in Pittsburgh, and advice from the headwaters of the Allegheny show a renewed rise with a continued downpour. Warmer temperature acting on the snow was a factor that also caused some apprehension.

The Retreat Very Slow.

The waters at this point have been steadily receding since three o'clock Sunday afternoon, but the retreat has been very slow. At nine o'clock Monday morning the Allegheny mark showed 21 feet and falling about three inches an hour. It is impossible to fairly approximate the loss resulting from the high waters. Estimates vary from \$1,000,000 to \$3,000,000, but the first figures will probably come nearer the correct amount.

Rough Estimate of Losses.

A sketch of the situation would place in the foreground 25,000 idle employees, who, in two days of enforced idleness, will lose \$200,000 in wages. Damage to plants along Pennsylvania avenue and to the vast Westinghouse manufacturing in Wilmerding, with the shut-down of other establishments at Rankin and Boroughs in the Turtle Creek valley easily mounts up to half a million more. The aggregate loss to railroads is estimated at \$100,000. Property in Allegheny has suffered injury to an equal extent.

Damage to Adjacent Points.

Marshalling with these manifold items of damage to other adjacent communities, the total of \$1,000,000 can easily be reached. The mills and factories along the river fronts will not be able to resume before Tuesday. The railroads are rapidly getting into shape again, and by evening it is expected that all trains will be running on schedule time. The source of the greatest trouble is at Claysville, a short distance from the West Virginia state line.

Still Threatening.

At 11 o'clock it has ceased raining here, but was still cloudy and threatening. The Allegheny marks registered 20 feet 5 inches, and the Monongahela 22 feet. Both rivers were falling at the rate of about two inches an hour. The Allegheny rose about 2½ feet at Oil City since Sunday night, but as this water will not reach Pittsburgh until some time Tuesday, river men have little apprehension of another flood.

Much Suffering and Damage.

Huntington, W. Va., April 22.—Ohio river 53 feet, and rising 1.5 inches an hour. All tributaries in the central and southern portion of the state are falling at headwaters, but Guyandotte, Twelve Pole and Sandy are rising within 40 miles of the mouth. News of suffering and great damage continue to come from many points along these streams. No loss of life has yet been reported. The Ohio will likely not exceed 45 feet here. Numerous neighboring towns are flooded.

The Genesee Rising.

Rochester, N. Y., April 22.—During the past 24 hours the Genesee river has risen three feet, and it is rising at the rate of an inch an hour. A number of cellars on Front street are flooded. Advice from up the valley say the lowlands are again submerged, and that several streams have run over their banks. The loss to farmers who have been plowing will be considerable.

The Mohawk Still Rising.

Amsterdam, N. Y., April 22.—The Mohawk river has risen ten feet since Saturday night, and is still rising, already being higher than in many years. An abutment of the West Shore bridge at Pattersonville has given, necessitating trains from that road being run over the Central from Utica to Central Junction, east of this city. Some of the mills along the Chukamunda creek are shut down owing to the flood.

The Chemung Receding.

Elmira, N. Y., April 22.—The rain ceased here Sunday night. The Chemung river is rapidly receding, and the railroad trains are running more regularly. The damage here was confined mainly to goods in the cellars of the stores. The river reached last night a height of 12½ feet above low water mark. Considerable damage from the floods is reported from the Tioga and Cohanog valleys, in Tioga county, Pa. Barns, tobacco sheds and other outbuildings were washed away, and farm lands were inundated.

Digging Away the Drifts.

Youngstown, O., April 22.—Electric lines are again in operation throughout the city and in the Mahoning valley. Steam lines have large gangs of men at work digging out the heavy snow drifts and expect by Tuesday to resume normal conditions. The river is rising slowly, and unless there is a big volume of water from the headwaters of the Mahoning river there will be no flood. The telephone and telegraph companies figure their losses at \$10,000 to restore their lines and poles.

Heavy Snow in Tennessee.

Huntsville, Tenn., April 22.—There is from four to six inches of snow on the ground here and it is still snowing. Much fruit has been killed by the cold. A cow was frozen to death in the streets.

Huntsville is located on top of Cumberland mountain near the Kentucky line.

Resuming Street Car Travel.

Youngstown, O., April 22.—Street car travel which was completely suspended since last Friday at midnight on account of the deep snow has been resumed. The Mahoning Valley Railroad Co. is running cars over its lines from Warren to Lowellville.

The Kentucky River Rising.

Frankfort, Ky., April 22.—The Kentucky river is rising at this point two and a half inches an hour. Heavy rain, which began Sunday morning, is still falling. The danger point is not yet reached.

VESUVIUS IS IN ERUPTION.

Scientists, Students and Tourists Hastening to Naples to View the Volcano.

New York, April 22.—A dispatch to the World from Paris says:

Mount Vesuvius is again in a state of active eruption, and many people, scientists, students and the curious, including American tourists, are leaving Paris by every train for Naples. The first signs of disturbance were observed a week ago, when, for three days, columns of smoke issuing from the crater in great volume towered high above the volcano. Then came occasional rains of cinders, sprinkling the country for miles around. Now lava is beginning to run.

The fire at the crater is very intense at night, illuminating the surrounding region beautifully.

Only two slight tremors of earthquake have been felt so far.

WITH THE REYNOLDS GANG.

A Sunday Fusillade Between the Sheriff's Posse and the Reynolds' Gang in Kentucky.

London, Ky., April 22.—The report comes to London from Letcher county that over 100 shots were fired, Sunday morning, between the sheriff's posse and the Reynolds gang. So far as could be learned none of the posse men were hit. Deputy United States Marshal Hollifield is with the sheriff with 20 picked men. It is stated that the accidental discharge of a gun brought about the shooting. Great excitement prevails in the county where the fugitives are located.

LOTS OF WATER IN SIGHT.

Special River Bulletin Issued by Chief Willis L. Moore of the Weather Bureau.

LOUISVILLE AND CINCINNATI IN DANGER.

The Ohio Expected to Pass the Danger Line Monday Night and Continue Rising, Reaching the Danger Line at Louisville Tuesday Night—The Chicago Storm.

Washington, April 22, 11:45 a. m. The weather bureau has issued the following special river bulletin:

At nine o'clock this morning the stage of the Potomac river at Harper's Ferry was 15.5 feet, a rise of 9.5 feet since 8 a. m., yesterday. This will cause a marked rise in the river at Washington, and cellars in the low section of the city will be flooded to a depth of several inches by to-night.

During the last 24 hours the Ohio river has fallen 4.4 feet at Pittsburgh and 5.5 feet at Davis Island dam. It has risen 4 feet at Parkersburg, 7.1 feet at Cincinnati and 4.4 feet at Louisville. The river will pass below the danger line, 22 feet, at Pittsburgh to-day. The crest of the flood will pass Parkersburg to-day. The river will pass the danger line, 50 feet, at Cincinnati by to-night, and the crest will pass that place to-morrow. At Louisville the danger line of 25 feet will be reached by Tuesday night. There are no present indications of a change in the conditions sufficient to check the falling waters over the Upper Ohio.

WILLIS L. MOORE, Chief United States Weather Bureau.

THE CHICAGO STORM.

Warning Signals the Means of Saving Many Vessels From Disaster.

Chicago, April 22.—A great storm of wind, snow and rain which prevailed in the middle east Saturday night and Sunday, and swept over Lake Michigan into Chicago. It did damage to property, blew down trees and shrubbery in the parks and boulevards, crippled electric wires and whipped the lake into the heaviest sea of the season.

Shortly after sunrise the wind raised and began to increase in speed until by noon it was racing over the city at the rate of 32 miles an hour. Early in the day the signal service foresaw trouble ahead. Warning signals were hung out to mariners in the city and all along the lakes. Obeying them saved more than one vessel from what would certainly have proved disaster. It was fortunate for a large number of schooners and grain steamers that the warning came in time, for they were waiting in the river and intended to sail Sunday. Instead they were wind-blown through the day and night, and will not move now until the wind has died down. Boats coming down the lake, making for Chicago, put in at convenient ports, so that no reports of mishaps have so far been received.

THIRTEEN THOUSAND MEN.

That Is the Number Wanted to Bring the Artillery Corps Up to Its Required Strength.

New York, April 22.—Thirteen thousand men will be immediately enlisted by the war department to bring the artillery corps up to its strength of 18,000 men, says the Washington correspondent of the Herald. Because of the need of artillerymen at New York and elsewhere, to take care of the costly guns and carriages protecting the coast, Secretary Root has given instructions for the enlistments.

Gen. Miles recommended to Secretary Root, last month, that the artillery corps be enlisted up to its full strength, because of applications coming from artillery officers on both the Atlantic and Pacific coasts for additional men. These officers pointed out that unless more men were supplied the delicate mechanism of the guns and carriages would deteriorate.

GEN. AGUINALDO IN PEACE.

He Indulges in Reminiscences, and Says He Would Like to Visit the United States.

London, April 22.—A dispatch from Manila quotes Aguinaldo as saying: "During the war with the Americans I was often very close to them. I expected to make my greatest stand at Calumpit. When I abandoned Tarlac I commanded 1,500 ride-men. I anticipated Gen. Wheaton's landing at San Fabian. I planned to retreat to Nuev Vizcaya, but was frustrated by Gen. Lawton. I slipped through the corridor with 250 men only four hours before the landing party came ashore. "I should like to visit the United States, but I am at the disposition of the authorities. I am undecided as to my future plans. I believe the federals will be strong agents in the pacification of the archipelago."

Missing Man Heard From.

Medora, Ill., April 22.—Albert Palmer, missing from his home near Kemper, since 1886, has just advised relatives of his location in Los Angeles, Cal. By this disclosure the adjustment of a moderately large estate left by his father, Dennis Palmer, who died some eight years ago, will be hastened.

OTHERWISE UNNOTICED.

England's tax of a shilling a ton on coal promises to be of much benefit to American exporters of coal.

The Princess Chimay and Rigo, her gypsy lover, have signed a contract to appear at a New York roof garden.

The movement started in Indiana to build a monument to the late ex-President Benj. Harrison, is to be made national.

The old Cahokia courthouse in St. Clair county, Ill., has been wrecked, and a new building will be erected on the historical site.

Philip Mooney, 60 years old, dropped dead at St. Louis while on his way to the city hospital in company with his brother-in-law.

Advice received from New Guinea say that the natives on Fly river recently murdered Rev. James Chalmers and Rev. Oliver Tomkins.

Col. John Donaldson, a pioneer citizen of Missouri, died, Sunday afternoon, at his country home near Blackburn, Mo. Death resulted from paralysis.

Magistrate J. H. Little committed suicide at his home in Paducah, Ky., taking morphine. He was about 60 years of age, he had been in ill health some time.

Mrs. Lizzie Barr was granted a divorce from Reuben Barr, a Newcastle (Ind.) broker, on the charge of cruel treatment. The wife was awarded \$10,000 alimony.

J. J. Hill, president of the Great Northern, on his recent trip across the continent, broke speed records. He traveled for two days at an average speed of 39 miles an hour.

A material increase is to be made in the force of immigrant inspectors along the Canadian border, in order to head off the influx of undesirable immigrants through that source.

Jesse Foval, of Calhoun county, Ill., died in Jerseyville, Sunday afternoon, aged 82 years. Mr. Foval was a resident of Calhoun county for 70 years, and accumulated much property.

The home of Mrs. Hannah Kjoeren, a widow, was burned at Galesburg, N. D. The only inhabitants of the house, herself and two boys, aged six and ten years, were burned to death.

Capt. John C. Park, a noted plainsman and scout, died at Leavenworth, Kas., after an illness of 13 years, with rheumatism. Capt. Park was a native of Kentucky and was 66 years of age.

Harry McDugal, formerly of Maysville, Ky., a member of the wall-paper firm of Cunningham & McDugal, committed suicide at Lexington, Ky., Sunday, by cutting his throat with a razor.

Miss Minnie A. Reichenbach, of Montana, who has held the position of chief of a division in the census office, has left Washington, for the Philippines, to take a place in the public schools.

President McKinley has announced that he will make no appointments during the recess of congress. Accordingly, all the officials whose terms expire before December are insured of holding over.

Prof. E. A. Engler, of Washington university, St. Louis, has been chosen president of the polytechnic institute of Worcester, Mass. He succeeds Dr. T. C. Meadenhall, who retires on account of ill health.

QUEEN WILHELMINA ANGRY.

The Prince Consort's Bachelor Debts Create a Cloud at the Castle of Het Loo.

London, April 22.—Special dispatches received here from Paris report trouble at the Castle of Het Loo over the bachelor debts of Prince Henry, the husband of Queen Wilhelmina. It is said that shortly prior to his marriage he promised his creditors in Berlin and Frankfurt to pay one-third of his debts within a month of the wedding, but the money has not yet been forthcoming and the money lenders formally applied to Queen Wilhelmina. The latter declares her husband must pay his own debts out of the allowance made him by the state. It is now said the creditors have formed a syndicate and purpose to negotiate the prince consort's paper on the Amsterdam bourse. Queen Wilhelmina is reported to be very angry.

EXECUTIVE APPOINTMENTS.

A New Assistant Commissioner of Patents—Charles O'Neill Chief of Ordinance of the Navy.

Washington, April 22.—The president has made the following appointments:

Interior—Edward B. Moore, of Michigan, to be assistant commissioner of patents.

Navy—Charles O'Neill, to be chief of the bureau of ordinance, with rank of rear-admiral; Luther S. Van Wedekind, to be a surgeon, with the rank of lieutenant.

State—John Barrett, of Oregon, to be a delegate on the part of the United States to the international conference of American states, to be held at the City of Mexico.

REV. DR. RICHARD B. BAPTISTE.

Death of the Statistical Secretary of the Colored Foreign Baptist Missionary Society.

Chicago, April 22.—Rev. Dr. Richard B. Baptiste, colored pastor of the Second Baptist church at Elgin, Ill., and for many years in charge of the Olivet Baptist church, this city, died at his home, Sunday night, from the effects of pneumonia, aged 69 years. He was statistical secretary for the Colored Foreign Baptist Missionary society and had done much work for the government in taking the census of colored Baptists.

THE FAIR COMMISSIONERS

The Members Are Arriving in St. Louis For Their First Meeting Tuesday.

SCOTT AND ALLEN ARE ON THE GROUND.

Lindsay, Carter, Thurston and Betts Hourly Expected, and McBride and Glynn to Arrive Tuesday Morning—Can't Do Much Until the Company Is Organized.

St. Louis, April 22.—P. D. Scott, of Van Buren, Ark., and former congressman John M. Allen, of Mississippi, two of the government commissioners to the World's fair, arrived in St. Louis early Monday morning.

Commissioners Lindsay, Carter, Thurston and Betts were scheduled to arrive over the Vandalia from Washington.

Commissioners Miller, McBride and Glynn are expected before Tuesday morning.

The commission will have its first meeting at the Southern hotel at two o'clock Tuesday afternoon. Another will be held Wednesday afternoon at the same time and place.

"I don't know just how long we will be here," said Mr. Allen to a press representative. "How much money have the local people raised? I don't see that we can do much until they get that ten per cent. in and are organized. To be sure, the commission will have a separate organization of its own, but our business is to co-operate with the local organization."

"I haven't any ideas to express on the site or any other question, for that matter. All I can say is that I want to see the fair a big success and the people of Mississippi feel the same way. You see, we never have had a big fair so near home before, and everybody expects to come. If the times continue prosperous, there will be no difficulties, I think, in the way of an appropriation by Mississippi or of a big attendance. If hard times should make everybody feel poor, it might be different."

Senator J. H. Carter, of Montana, is scheduled for the chairmanship of the commission, and Joseph Flory, of Missouri, for the secretaryship.

MASONS POSSESS CHICAGO.

Masons From Every State in the Union Attending the Scottish Rite Consistory.

Chicago, April 22.—Chicago will be given over to the entertainment of members of the Ancient Accepted Scottish Rite of the Masonic order this week. The forty-sixth annual reunion of Oriental consistory opened in the Masonic temple, and will continue for four days. An extensive programme of exercises has been prepared, and masons from every state in the Union are expected to be in attendance.

The most interesting feature of the meeting will be the celebration of the one hundredth anniversary of the founding of the Scottish rite in the United States.

COLLIERY OWNERS' THREATS.

British Colliery Owners Threaten to Suspend Unless the Export Tax Is Withdrawn.

London, April 22.—At largely-attended meetings of colliery owners, miners and shippers in the various coal centers the export tax on coal was vigorously denounced, and threats were made to co-operate and suspend the coal trade of the United Kingdom unless the impost was withdrawn. At the same time, the shipping of coal is being resumed on the strength of the promise of the chancellor of the exchequer to consider the exemption of contracts made prior to the presentation of the budget.

DESPERATE POISONING PLOT.

An Evident Attempt to Remove a Principal Witness in a Diamond Robbery Case.

Denver, Col., April 22.—Chemical tests have shown that the pie, oranges, sugar and other delicacies sent to Joseph A. Hannett, a prisoner in the county jail, last Saturday, contained enough cyanide of potassium to kill all the prisoners in the jail. Hannett is the principal witness against J. K. Barr and Bessie Hodge, who are charged with having robbed Mrs. Flora Betts of \$7,000 worth of diamonds.

FOR SEDITION AND LIBEL.

Editor Cartwright of the South African News Sentenced to a Year's Imprisonment.

Cape Town, April 22.—Albert Cartwright, editor of the South African News, who was arrested, in February, on a charge of sedition and defamation libel in having published in his paper a statement that Lord Kitchener had secretly instructed his troops to take no prisoners, has been convicted and sentenced to one year's imprisonment.

Heroic Operation Failed.

St. Louis, April 22.—Phillip Gunn, in whose heart three stitches were taken, Saturday, at the city hospital, to close up a stab wound, in a heroic effort to save his life, died at 3:50 Monday morning, having lived over twenty-four hours after the operation.

THE PRUSSIAN CROP REPORT.

The Wheat Crop of Prussia in the Worst Condition Since Records Have Been Kept.

Berlin, April 22.—The Prussian crop report just issued shows the worst condition since these reports have been kept. Winter wheat is given at 39-19, as against 28-10 last year. The scale begins at 1, perfect; and four is very poor. Winter rye is given at 3, the same as last year. Of the winter wheat area 26-10 per cent. was frozen out, and must be replaced, as against 28-10 per cent. last year.

The report adds that the damage done by the cold weather in March was heavy. Many districts report the condition utterly bad. The extent of the damage will be only determinable in May.

KING AND QUEEN OF PORTUGAL

The Report of Their Separation Appears Premature If Not Utterly Unfounded.

London, April 22.—With reference to the alleged separation of the king and queen of Portugal, published in the United States, it is pointed out here that their majesties have been residing as usual at the palace. King Charles left here on a yachting trip Sunday. He will rejoin Queen Marie Amelia at the palace Tuesday.

Pan-American Opening Delayed.

Buffalo, N. Y., April 22.—The gates of the Pan-American exposition grounds were closed on the 21st, and every available man was put to work to offset the effect of the great April snow storm. The damage to the buildings is slight, and can be quickly repaired, but the delay in the landscape work and the building of roadways was considerable.

Captures and Surrenders.

London, April 22.—Lord Kitchener, in a dispatch to the war office under date of Pretoria, April 21, says: "Since my last report the British columns have captured 242 prisoners, 248 rifles, some ammunition and wagons and carts. A few men also have surrendered."

Death Before Disgrace.

Vancouver, Wash., April 22.—Charles Brown and E. L. Canby, president and cashier, respectively, of the First national bank of Vancouver, Wash., who had wrecked their bank, committed suicide with the same revolver in a clump of bushes two miles from the city.

The Returning Volunteers.

Washington, April 22.—The volunteers will soon be of the past. Twenty-five regiments were organized. Five of them have returned to this country and have been mustered out. Six more of them have left Manila and nine are under orders to sail.

Reservations for Soldiers.

Washington, April 22.—Gen. James R. Campbell, of Illinois, is in the city at work in behalf of soldiers of his old command, to secure for them homesteads on the Kiowa and Wichita reservations.

The Japanese Cabinet Crisis.

Yokohama, April 22.—Marquis Ito is expected to settle the Japanese cabinet crisis and it is anticipated that Viscount Watanabe, the minister of finance, will retain his portfolio.

THE MARKETS.

MONDAY, April 22.

Grain and Provisions.

St. Louis — Flour — Patents, \$3.45 (2.50); other grades, \$2.50 (2.25). Wheat — No. 2 red, 70¢ (67¢); No. 2 mixed, 43¢ (41¢). Oats — No. 2, 25¢ (24¢). Hay — Timothy, \$11.00 (10.00). Prairie, \$8.50 (8.00). Choice clover, \$9.00 (8.50). Butter — Creamery, 18¢ (18¢); dairy, 14¢ (14¢). Eggs — Fresh, 11¢ (11¢). Lard — Choice, steady, 8.75¢ (8.75¢). Pork — New mess, \$15.75. Bacon — Clear rib, 9¢ (9¢). Wool — Tub-washed, 18¢ (18¢); Missouri and Illinois medium combing, 18¢ (18¢); other grades, 16¢ (16¢).

Live Stock Markets.

St. Louis — Cattle — Fancy exports, \$5.00 (4.80); butchers', \$4.25 (4.00); stockers, \$2.75 (2.50). Hogs — 4.65; cows and heifers, \$2.50 (2.40). Horses — Packing, \$8.00 (8.00); butchers', \$5.50 (5.50). Sheep — Mutton, \$4.00 (4.00); lambs, \$4.50 (4.50); spring lambs, \$6.00 (6.00).

Chicago — Cattle — Good to prime steers, \$4.50 (4.50); poor to medium, \$3.75 (3.75); stockers and feeders, \$2.75 (2.75); cows, \$2.50 (2.50); heifers, \$2.50 (2.50); canners, \$2.10 (2.10); calves, \$4.00 (4.00). Texas fed steers, \$4.25 (4.25); Texas grass steers, \$3.50 (3.50). Hogs — Mixed and butchers', \$5.00 (5.00); good to choice heavy, \$5.50 (5.50); rough, heavy, \$5.00 (5.00); light, \$5.00 (5.00). Sheep — Good to choice wethers, \$4.75 (4.75); fair to choice mixed, \$4.00 (4.00); western sheep, \$4.50 (4.50); yearlings, \$4.75 (4.75); native lambs, \$4.00 (4.00); western lambs, \$4.50 (4.50).

Kansas City — Cattle — Native beef steers, \$4.50 (4.50); Texas steers, \$4.00 (4.00). Hogs — 4.65; cows and heifers, \$2.50 (2.40). Horses — Packing, \$8.00 (8.00); butchers', \$5.50 (5.50). Sheep — Mutton, \$4.00 (4.00); lambs, \$4.50 (4.50); spring lambs, \$6.00 (6.00).

Cotton.

Quotations for middling raws, as follows: St. Louis, 8½¢; New York, 8½¢; Memphis, 8½¢.

Financial.

New York, April 22.—Money on call firm at 5 per cent; prime mercantile paper 4½ per cent. Settling exchange firm, with actual business in bankers' bills at 48½ (48½) for demand and at 48½ (48½) for 60 days; posted rates 48½ (48½) and 48½ (48½); commercial bills 48½ (48½); silver certificates nominally at 100, but silver 99½¢; Mexican dollars 48½¢. Government bonds easier.

The Press.

R. C. WALKER, Publisher.
WALTER WALKER, Manager.

ONE DOLLAR

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

FOR REPRESENTATIVE.

We are authorized to announce
M. F. POGUE
as a candidate for the Democratic nomination for Representative of Crittenden and Livingston counties in the next general assembly, subject to the action of the Democratic primary.

We are authorized to announce
A. J. BENNETT,
a candidate to represent Crittenden and Livingston counties in the next General Assembly of Kentucky, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

We are authorized to announce
J. A. GRAVES
a candidate for the Democratic nomination for Representative of Crittenden and Livingston counties in the next General Assembly, subject to the action of the Democratic primary.

We are authorized to announce
P. C. STEPHENS
a candidate for the Democratic nomination for Representative of Crittenden and Livingston counties, subject to the action of the Democratic primary.

We are authorized to announce
R. W. WOOD
a candidate for the Democratic nomination for Representative of Crittenden and Livingston counties in the next General Assembly, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

FOR SHERIFF.

We are authorized to announce
JNO. T. FRANKS,
a candidate for the nomination for Sheriff of Crittenden County, subject to the action of the Republican party.

FOR JAILER.

We are authorized to announce
E. L. DOLES
as a candidate for the Democratic nomination for Jailer of Crittenden county, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

We are authorized to announce
GEORGE D. KEMP
as a candidate for the Democratic nomination for Jailer of Crittenden county, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

We are authorized to announce
SAMUEL STONE
a candidate for Jailer of Crittenden county, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

FOR ASSESSOR.

We are authorized to announce
D. G. BETTIS
a candidate for assessor of Crittenden county, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

We are authorized to announce
J. P. SAMUELS
a candidate for Assessor of Crittenden county, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

The old Federal office holders seem to have a grip that will carry them over the next four years.

That railroad has no business fooling around Mexico if it really wants to get itself built. Marion is a good starting point or a good stopping point.

It looks like Mr. Taylor ought to try his hand with the court that acquitted Ripley. Why not have the trials, the old ones over and the new ones, and get this whole business settled and off of hands.

The question in the pow-wow of the powers with China in reference to the indemnity matter, is whether to take the whole kingdom at once or to wait and see if the goose will lay another golden egg before taking her.

Steve Sharp, of Lexington, it is announced, will be the United States Marshal in the new district. This is one of the best offices in the gift of the administration, and Mr. Sharp jumps from the deck of the Democratic ship into the cabin of the Republican man-of-war. It's all right for Steve, but how about the faithful ones that have been so long on the pretty successful Republican craft?

Our mining department will show up on front page pretty soon and there will be some mighty good news for it, too. The clouds, if there ever were any, are fast rolling by.

Auditor Coulter, in a letter to Attorney General Breckinridge recommends suit against the bonds men of Elder Sweeney, who acted as Auditor under the Taylor regime, to recover \$30,006.80 illegally paid out to support the Taylor militia.

Some of the best business men in Marion have taken hold of the electric light and ice plants and this guarantees it a success. The plants will be no one-horse, cheap affair, but up to date and full of life and power. No lanterns will be needed within a mile of town, when the twenty big arc lights bloom out, and that's going to be within the next ninety days.

Work began Monday on the new railroad from Gracey to Cadiz. The people of Cadiz inaugurated the work with speeches, music and parades. The ceremonies reminded us of a similar affair that occurred at Marion fourteen years ago, when the first train on the Ohio Valley pulled into Marion. May Cadiz find the investment in her new enterprise as profitable as has been Marion's.

It appears that we are not going to secure a visit of that famous good roads train of the I. C. The projectors seem disposed to go to the big cities and more pretentious places, where wealth and a few inconsiderable conveniences of modern civilization do most congregate. That's all well enough, but we would like to call their attention to the fact that its the provincial population that needs better roads, that its through the country these roads must run, if they accomplish the purpose whereunto they are discussed; and furthermore, its the country that must pay the bills. In fact, the country is the whole thing in this matter, and the train can do more good by constructing these samples of road in the country, where the people the most interested can see for themselves and judge for themselves. A good sample will be worth more than magazine articles, and a great deal more than second hand information of any kind.

We understand full well that there are too many small places to meet all the demands, but one or two good ones need not tax the train beyond previous arrangements, and this section; in which mining promises to be permanent, and wagons a feature in mining, offers a good field for experiment.

Editor Bryan, of the Commoner, and Watterson, of the Courier-Journal, have been having an editorial bout. Bryan stands for the old landmarks, politically speaking, and upholds tenets propagated by Jefferson, Jackson and Lincoln; Watterson intimates that these old doctrines are the good and true, but holds that they do not fit the modern American nor his environments and, therefore, should be left as ancient history, while the pushing business man and the politician who would ride upon the crest of success, must be unincumbered with any ideas of right or wrong as measured by the old standard, rush along with the cradling crowd, leaving the future to take care of itself. Bryan would try to stem the tide of error no matter how high it had risen; Watterson would plunge in, after the danger line is reached, and fight for a goodly portion of the spoils, floating with the current to whatever haven it might carry him. Bryan never ceases to battle for his conceptions of right; a few well directed blows from his antagonist makes a passive votary of Watterson, while he fills his scrip with the fruit of the opportunities his old enemy brings his way.

"You pays your money and take your choice."

Saturday Evening Post: Spring fever has arrived. It always comes ahead of the calendar. Generally it is announced by advertisements telling of remedies that will cure the tired feeling. Occasionally a bluebird comes along to sound a note, and finally under the leaves some one finds a snowdrop or a violet, and everybody begins to grow weary. The disease is largely mental and the sovereign cure for it is work.

Hereafter, in the daytime, when mining prospector, the real miner, the capitalist on the lookout for a good thing, or any others come to town, we propose to have the most genial sunshine that falls upon the earth, or mixes itself into the lives and hearts of men to fall in sheens around them, and when they are belated and do not arrive until nightfall, we'll do better still, and give them all the glories, gorgeous or tinted, of the best electric lights this side the Alleghenies.

The ease with which the stock for the electric light and ice plant was subscribed shows that there is an undercurrent of enterprise among the people of Marion that only needs to be focalized to become effective. It shows, also, that there is a healthy per cent of our people who have faith in the future of the town. Every citizen needs to be thoroughly saturated with that idea, and every citizen who has the means should be willing to invest some of his dollars in business enterprises that have a tendency to add to the sum total of the business affairs of the community. Let our capitalists put some money into new business enterprises—business that does not continue to divide up that which is already here, but business that creates a new demand for natural products, that calls into requisition more labor, and we will prosper as a community. Let home capital help develop, let home capital manifest its faith by its works, and then the sun will shine the brighter. Our friends of the light and ice company have taken the initiation, there are plenty of other enterprises waiting for those who are not among the stock holders.

Conferring With the Governor.

The Courier-Journal of Saturday says:
"Ollie James, of Crittenden and J. Fletcher Dempsey, of Hopkins, were here today conferring with Gov. Beckham relative to the mining troubles in the coal regions of Western Kentucky. They were in communication all day by long distance telephone with persons at the scene of the threatened trouble and were much gratified to learn at noon that the necessity for State troops was averted by the return to their homes of the Indiana miners."

The Hawks Lecture.

A. W. Hawks is one of the most popular humorists on the platform. He never fails to delight his audience. His record for return dates is phenomenal. His wit is keen and his philosophy is transparent. And his fun is never made at the expense of the keen edge of the public's moral sensibilities. He keeps the people in roars of laughter, from beginning to end of his lecture, without descending to slang terms or vulgarity. It is an impossibility for one to hear him and not laugh. There is no doubt but that as an apostle of sunshine he is an immense success.

Deeds Recorded.

Emma Crayne to J. F. Dorroh, two and one half acres of land in Crayneville.

W. T. Butler to Finis Butler, interest in land on Claylick.

A. T. Lynn to J. W. Thompson, 59 acres on Hurricane creek.

Hay for Sale.

Have a lot of fine timothy hay for sale. Any one desiring first-class hay should call on or address J. E. Flannery, Ford's Ferry.

MARION TO SALEM

Is the Route Charlesworth Prefers for the New Railroad.

Monday Mr. Charlesworth, the railroad man, who has been looking into the matter of running a railroad to Salem from some point on the Illinois Central, came to this city and accompanied by Mr. P. S. Maxwell went over the route a railroad might take from Marion to Salem by way of the Crittenden Springs. The gentlemen also visited the several mines along the route to ascertain in what way the railroad would benefit the mining industry. Mr. Charlesworth expressed the opinion that a railroad from Marion to Salem would be the most desirable, as well as a more profitable route than from Mexico to Salem. He thinks the citizens of Salem and Marion should co-operate in the work of joining the two cities by rail, and give every encouragement to the capitalists interested in this undertaking. He is very sanguine of ultimate success. The natural route for a road, the growing mineral interests, the fine agricultural section, and the great interest the home people, as well as the persons now investing in mining, all conspire to give the enterprise an early initiative and a speedy and successful termination. No proposition has been made beyond that submitted for the Mexico route, but it is probable that we will shortly hear from Mr Charlesworth.

THE ALUMNAL,

Of Marion Graded School, to be Held Monday Evening.

Monday evening the past graduates of the Marion school will gather at the school hall to enjoy the annual Alumna. Among the many interesting features of the school work the Alumna is one of the most enjoyable.

The following is the program:
Lecture—"Sunshine and Shadow," Hawkes, the Laughing Philosopher.

Introduction—Delectables.
Ideals—B. F. Jacobs.
Reals—Lester Terry.
The School in the Former Century—Rosa Schwab.
Class Ingredients—Estelle Walker.
Do We Choose the Better Part?—Sallie Woods.

"A flash of imagery, a burst of eloquence, and a wealth of glittering thoughts scattered like fireflies over a clover field—that is Bob Taylor's lecture. A song borne in the wings of some dear old melody, a joke rippling from a fountain of humor, a subtle note of pathos awakening tender, sacred memories—that is Bob Taylor's lecture. Words painted in all the colors of fancy and put together with all the skill of faultless diction, the lights of innocent childhood, and the shadows of somber age developed on the back ground of common experience—that is Bob Taylor's lecture. A radiant smile penetrating the gloom of despondency, a ray of hope arched in every man's horizon, a fragrant flower to brighten and to cheer—that is Bob Taylor's lecture."

Obituary.

Miss Kate McChesney, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. W. H. McChesney, died April 7th, 1901. She was born June 21, 1833, and professed faith in Christ Nov. 10, 1897, and lived a devoted christian life until she was called to her reward. Weep not mother, sisters, and brothers, for Kate is mingling her sweet voice with the celestial choir, singing the sweet songs of Zion.

Kate was a dear, good girl, and we shall miss her here; But thank God for that better world We shall try to meet her there.

The King of the Platform!



EX-GOV. BOB TAYLOR,

OF TENNESSEE.

In his famous and most popular Lecture

"Sentiment"

—AT—

Marion Opera House

MARION, KY.

Monday Night, May 13.

Tickets Will be Sold Next Week

at the low price of 60 cents General Admission and 85 cents for Reserved Seats. After May 4th the prices will be 50 cts children under 15 years, 75 cents General Admission, \$1.00 for Reserved Seats.

Buy Your Tickets Early

and thereby save money and have choice of seats. Tickets on sale at Woods & Fowlers Dry Goods Store.

Hearins Prices!

We are always in the Lead! Don't fail to Read This.

Flour 50 and 55 cts per sack.
Glass lamps complete 20c
4 piece glass set 25c.
Wash bowl and pitcher 45c
50 ft. cotton line 10c
Nice water set 90c
Tin buckets from 5c to 25c
7oz cake toilet soap 5c
18oz cake laundry soap 5c
Covered baskets from 5c to 25c
Jelly 5c per glass.
Seed Irish Potatoes 80 to 85 cts
5lbs Prunes 25c
3lbs Prunes 25c
5lbs Rice 25c
3lbs Rice 25c.
Coffee from 15c to 35c per lb
Seed Sweet Potatoes 75cts bu.

We always sell as cheap or cheaper than any house in town and keep the best of goods.
Don't fail to see us before you buy.

ICE. ICE.

We are the people to buy ice from.

Hearin & Son.

On easy terms, one 13-horse Russell engine and light Pony saw rig, all in good running order, J. P. Pierce,

Illinois Central R. R.

Reduced Rates

ACCOUNT OF

GOOD ROADS CONVENTIONS

to be held on dates and at places as follows:

New Orleans, April 29 and 30.
Oxford, Miss., May 28 and 29.
Grenada, Miss., June 4 and 5.
Jackson, Miss., June 14 and 15
Jackson, Tenn., June 21 and 22

These conventions are to be held for the purpose of creating an interest in good roads as a vital aid to the upbuilding of a community, and in connection with them a practical demonstration of the proper building of a road will be made by the National Good Road Association. Representatives of that association will be present with expert engineers, skilled laborers and the

Illinois Central Good Roads Train equipped with all forms of special road machinery, and will build during the convention a piece of road according to the latest improved methods, particularly the best results possible with the material at hand in a given locality.

Believing that a universal interest should be felt in this movement, there will be made account of it a rate of

ONE FARE FOR THE ROUND TRIP,

To each of the above mentioned convention cities, from certain points south of Cairo on the Illinois Central railroad, full information concerning which, as well as of dates of sale, limits and specific rates, can be obtained of your local ticket agent.

A. H. Hanson, G. P. A., Chicago
W. A. Kellond, A. G. P. A., Louisville,

The Press.

R. C. WALKER, Publisher
WALTER WALKER, Manager.

OBITUARIES.—Not exceeding 10 lines will be published free of charge. All over 10 lines at 5 cents per line.
RESOLUTIONS OF RESPECT.—\$1.00

Read Hearins new price list.
Ollie James was in Frankfort last week.

J. P. Pierce was in Paducah yesterday.

N. B. Cosby, of Dixon, was in town Tuesday.

Mr. J. R. Finley was in Dycusburg last week.

Dr. Hanley, of Sturgis, was in town Saturday.

Mr. Ed Mott has moved from Mexico to this city.

Mrs. J. G. Gilbert is visiting friends in Caseyville.

Mr. S. A. Amerson, of Sullivan, spent Sunday in Marion.

Prof. Blanton Boyd, of Salem, was in this city Tuesday.

Mr. Tilford Brasswell, of Eddyville, was in town Sunday.

Highest price paid for eggs and chickens by J. W. Pritchett.

Mr. Robert Crowell, of Weston, is very low with consumption.

We have a handsome line of wall paper. Boston & Walker.

Mr. Joe Ben Champion, of Livingston, was in town Saturday.

See those ladies hats at J. W. Pritchett's. They are beauties.

The school alumnae meets at the school hall Monday evening.

Three good milch cows, with calves, for sale. E. L. Doles.

Creed Taylor has been sick for three weeks but is now improving.

John Glascock, of Memphis, is the guest of his friends in this city.

An effort is being made to get a post office established near Hebron church.

Mr. Albert Boaz, the contractor and builder, of Kelsey, was here Monday.

Mr. R. I. Nunn has discovered a bed of gypsum on his farm near Repton.

Mr. and Mrs. Amel Hoerth visited friends in Elizabethtown, Ill., last week.

FOR SALE.—A house of five rooms, in East Marion.
O. H. Paris.

Senator Deboe has returned to this city from Washington and Louisville.

Mr. George Catlett, the Princeton newspaper man, was in this city Sunday.

Rev. J. S. Henry filled his appointment at Bordley, in Union county, Sunday.

Rev. Woodruff will preach at Crider school house second Saturday night in May.

Capt. Hanse, the genial mining man, was greeting his friends in this city Saturday.

Mrs. Frank Newcomb and children, of Washington, are the guest of friends in this county.

FOR SALE.—A buggy. Will sell cheap. For further information apply at the Press office.

The examination for common school graduation was held in this city Tuesday and Wednesday.

Because he handles the very best goods and sells cheap, J. W. Pritchett is having an immense trade.

I have a cottage house with four rooms and hall, in desirable section of the town for sale. Large lot and good improvements.
J. W. Blue, Jr.

Druggist Haynes is still confined to his room but is improving.

Mr. Henry McGoodwin of Caldwell county, was in town Tuesday.

Mr. A. C. Moore and family returned yesterday from Kansas City.

A contortionist entertained a crowd on Bank street Thursday afternoon.

Seats on sale for Hawks' lecture Monday at Woods & Fowler's dry goods store.

Mr. Gooch, a temperance lecturer, spoke at the court house Friday night.

Mrs. Wolf returned from Evansville last week, where she has been visiting friends.

Lace curtains, bonnets, counterpanes, nicely laundered at reasonable prices by Magnet laundry.

An elegant assortment of ladies and gents fine shoes at J. W. Pritchett's, Gladstone. Very cheap.

FOR SALE.—One 10-horse Russell engine in good repair.
St. Doss, Walker & Pierce.

Prof. Nall has closed his school at Salem. He was in town yesterday en route to his home at Kuttawa.

Rev. J. W. Bigham held quarterly meeting at the M. E. church at Dycusburg Saturday and Sunday.

Quite a number of young people enjoyed a party at the residence of Mr. J. N. Clark Saturday evening.

The Magnet laundry guarantees its work to be more satisfactory than the work done by any other laundry.

Mr. A. Dean and Miss Nannie Dean attended the burial of Mr. G. W. Adamson, in Caldwell county yesterday.

The temperance lecturer billed to speak at the court house Friday night was greeted by a very small audience.

Della Monroe completes his 30 day jail sentence upon the charge of "borrowing" a knife belonging to another man.

Mr. John B. Grissom is again in charge of the poultry house. Mr. Cook, the former manager, left for Paducah Monday.

Mr. George W. Adamson, one of the oldest and best known citizens of Caldwell county died at his home near Crider Tuesday.

The jail has five inmates and four of them are upon the charge of stealing bacon. The article must be scarce in this county.

LOST.—In Marion, on or Ford's Ferry road, a pair of nickel plated spectacles in a dove colored case. Finder please leave at Press office or return to me. J. E. Dean.

It is estimated that ten per cent of the peach crop of Kentucky has been damaged by cold. The peaches have suffered the most. Some of the early varieties were nipped.

James Cruce returned from Indian Territory Saturday. His father, Mr. A. L. Cruce, has decided to locate in the West, and James returned to accompany the family to their new home.

Mr. E. H. Doss was informed by the railroad officials of his promotion to an excellent position in the I. C. freight depot at Evansville. He will enter into his new work next week.

Mr. J. W. Pritchett, the wide-awake and gentlemanly Gladstone merchant, was in town yesterday. He informs the Press that he finds that advertising has more than doubled his business this season.

White lead and pure linseed oil, mixed paints all colors, furniture paints, varnishes, stains, etc., for furniture and inside painting of all kinds at
Boston & Walker's.

The family of Mr. W. P. Crider are guests of relatives at Tolu.

Mrs. A. H. Cardin is a guest of friends in Madisonville this week.

Mrs. H. M. Cook, Miss Inez Cook, Mr. and Mrs. R. L. Moore, are in Louisville.

J. L. Walker will have charge of the Marion woolen mills this year, formerly owned by Mrs. May Doss.

President Clifton, of the Marion Electric Light and Ice Plant, will go to Louisville the first of the week.

The Republican county committee meets May 4th, and the boys have a lively move mixed up with them now.

Mr. Allen Williams left Sunday for Lexington, where he will join his brother, Mr. T. J. Williams, the jeweler.

Paint for your house, buggy or wagon, varnish and stains all colors for your furniture, at Boston & Walker's.

J. W. Pritchett, Gladstone, has received his spring hats for ladies and misses. They are beautiful indeed. And so cheap!

Special rates on the railroad will be made to those desiring to come from surrounding territory to this city to hear Bob Taylor on May 13th.

Mr. S. B. Hunter, of Sikeston, Mo., and sister, Mrs. Mary Morey, of Charleston, Mo., were guests of Mr. E. J. Hayward and family last week.

As the soft sighing breezes come gently tripping along from the South the store box brigade will resume operations with renewed energy.

Judge Nunn has bought the residence of J. B. Brasher on Scott street, in consideration of \$2600, and the family moved Wednesday.—Madisonville Hustler.

Dell Monroe, a youthful prisoner in the county jail, is dangerously ill with pneumonia. He is serving a thirty days sentence for stealing some knives from Pierce & Son.

The national weather bureau predicts that beginning with yesterday we are to have fine spring and summer weather. No more snow storms, no more blizzards, only serene skies and gentle breezes.

J. W. Pritchett has just received the largest stock of goods ever brought to Gladstone, consisting of dry goods, clothing, hats, shoes, glassware, tinware and all kinds of groceries. They are going fast.

A Normal Drill, Sunday school class for teachers and Sunday school workers has been organized in this city. Rev Price is the instructor. The class meets Tuesday night of each week.

The Uniontown Telegram of last week contains an elaborate account of the marriage of Mr. S. T. Cox and Miss Jesse E. Barnes, at Uniontown on the 18th. The bride resided in this city some years ago, and has many friends here.

Everett Butler, of Livingston county, has been elected class valedictorian of the graduating class of 1901, in the law department of Cherry Bros. college at Bowling Green, and T. A. Perry, of this county, has been selected as salutatorian. The boys from Crittenden and Livingston counties are always to be found in front of the procession.

Mrs. Mollie Hibner has recently moved from Florida to Marion and has located on Mill street, where she hopes to secure a number of boarders. Her maiden name was Phillips, and she is a daughter of the late Robert E. Phillips, who in his days was one of the best known citizens of Belle Mines. Mr. Hibner died a short time ago in their Southern home, and Mrs. Hibner returns to her Old Kentucky home.

ORGANIZED.

The Marion Light and Ice Company, Capital Stock \$10,000.

ELECTRIC LIGHT AND ICE PLANT.

Since E. T. Franks declined to accept the city council's proposition on an electric light plant, local capitalists have been considering the situation, and within three days last week \$10,000 was subscribed for an electric light and ice plant. Monday the subscribers met and organized by electing the following officers: Tom Clifton president; J. W. Wilson vice-president; P. S. Maxwell secretary and treasurer. Board of directors, J. H. Orme, E. J. Hayward, Sam Gugenheim, J. O. Dixon and Tom Clifton. The stockholders, in addition to those whose names are given above are Dr. R. L. Moore, Gus Taylor and C. S. Nunn.

The company will be incorporated at once and will begin the preliminary work necessary to putting in the plant.

The Secretary has been directed to correspond with an electric light engineer, with a view of having him come here at once, to make the estimates, locations, etc., that are needed before the real work can be commenced.

At the next regular meeting of the council the trade will be confirmed and then the company will be in shape to begin work at once.

According to the understanding now there will be twenty arc lights and somewhere near seven hundred incandescents for business houses and residences.

The ice-plant will be operated by the same power. Its capacity will be from four to six tons per day.

City Marshal Resigned.

City Marshal Albert Cannan has filed his resignation as marshal to take effect Sunday. Mr. Cannan has made a splendid officer. He will take charge of a crew of fifty men on the I. C. work train. He is an old railroad man and will be at home in his new position.

Wrongly Accused.

Wednesday evening of last week Will Webb, a negro, was brought to this city from Dycusburg and lodged in jail charged with petit larceny. He was accused of stealing eleven dollars in cash from Bennett Bros. at Dycusburg. A few days later, at the request of Messrs. Bennett, Webb was released, it being discovered that he was innocent of the theft and that another fellow was guilty. The money was recovered from the culprit and no arrest was made.

A Sudden Death.

Mrs. Woodall, wife of Mr. C. C. Woodall, who lives a mile and a half south of town, died Saturday morning, after only ten hours illness. She was in apparent good health Friday afternoon, when a severe pain in the head caused her to retire to bed. She grew rapidly worse, and despite the efforts of two physicians, and all that loving hands could do, she passed away early Saturday morning. The burial took place at Piney Fork church Sunday, Rev E. B. Blackburn conducting the services. A large cortege of friends and relatives attended.

Our Roll of Honor.

The following have paid up or renewed their subscriptions to the Press since our last issue:

V. B. Trimble, Lola.
H. M. Cook, Marion.
S. H. Cromwell, Henderson.
W. D. Johnson, Fredonia.
P. M. Ward, Marion.
G. D. Summerville, Marion.
J. B. Hunt, Starr.
Mrs. Nina Howerton, Marion.
R. T. Mayes, Marion.
W. M. Hurley, Tolu
Shem Watson, Lola.

WOOL CARDING.

Marion Woolen Mills to Begin Business May 1st.

I have taken charge of the Marion Woolen Mills and having thoroughly overhauled the machinery, and will be ready to card wool on and after May 1st. I have employed a carder of more than 20 years experience and can do the very best work and guarantee satisfaction. Will pay freight to machine on all shipments of 100 pounds or over. Club with your neighbors and make this amount. Mark each bundle with owners name and write full particulars as to the way you want it carded.

PRICE: 8 cents per pound, or one-fourth toll.

J. L. WALKER.

Yours for health and appetite—and for the SAME PRICE that you pay for that lumpy feeling in the stomach that bad bread brings.

Home-made Bread.

THE MARION BAKERY makes it and all good grocers sell it. Always clean, pure, fresh and wholesome. Home-made Bread for home eating.

The Sunday School Conference.

An interesting session of the State Field Workers Sunday School Conference was held at the C. P. church in this city Thursday and Friday. Many able talks were made and the attendance was fair. Prof. E. A. Fox, a prominent Sunday School worker, was present and delivered several instructive addresses regarding the Sabbath School work over the country.

Public Speaking.

J. W. Skelton, candidate for the Democratic nomination for Representative will speak at—
Lola, Friday night, April 25th, 7:30 p. m.
Salem, Saturday, 2 p. m.
Opponents invited to participate.

School Honor Roll.

Second Grade—Lonnice Ingram, Isam Morse, Sylvan Schwab, Virgil Hard, William Rochester, Julien Schwab, Ruth Melton, Carrie Bigham.

A. W. Hawks

OF BALTIMORE.



The Laughing Philosopher

MARION, KY.,

Monday Evening, . . . April 29th.

Prof. Hawks has been engaged by the manager of the opera house for the special entertainment of the school alumnae. His reputation as an entertainer has been established in this city, having appeared here before.

Prices 25 and 50 Cents.

Normal Term For Teachers.

Those wanting preparation for teaching, in review, training methods, examinations, etc., will meet me at school building, Monday morning, May 13th, or send your name before, to

CHARLES EVANS,

Principal of Schools, Marion, Ky.

A Woman's Weariness.

Woman's sensitiveness makes her subject to more intense weariness than men. The melancholy, depression, exhaustion they suffer is due to sluggish action of their organs, which loads the system with impurities, poisons the blood and shatters their nerves. Dr. J. H. Orme's Sarsaparilly and Iron will cleanse the system, revitalize the nerves and give strength and energy. Sold by agents in every town. J. H. Orme.

Stray Notice.

On April 7th a red cow, white back, some white in face, dehorned; a 2-year old heifer, brindle, redish, long keen horn; a yearling heifer, about color of cow, stray from my farm near Memphis, Tenn. Any information that will fully received or will pay for their return.

Rufus J. Ford.

Almost Blind.

Mr. D. Kessing, Bannock, Ky. says: My little four-year-old girl's eyes were so weak from birth that she could not stand any light at all. Was treated by several physicians without benefit. My neighbors persuaded me to buy Morley's Sarsaparilly and Iron from Mr. Daugherty, Bannock, Ky. Three bottles not only restored her sight, but made her stronger and healthier than she ever was in her life. Sold by agents in every town. J. H. Orme.

Notice.

Parties indebted to me for services of my horse are requested to call on R. C. Walker or Dock Driver and settle same.
Jesse Olive.

April 4, 1901.

FOR SALE.—In Henderson, Ky. 1 brick business house, 1 4-room and 1 3-room dwelling; stable and all outbuildings; all new and on a good street, being on three county roads. Price \$5,000; one-third cash, balance to suit purchaser. For further information call at the Press office.

Don't take a peck of any old sort of pills to cure a pint of disease when a dose of Morley's Little Liver Pills for Bilious People will cure you while you sleep. Sugar coated; one a dose. At Orme's.

WHITE-PLUMED ARMY

Louisville Will Welcome It with Genuine Hospitality.

Twenty-Eighth Triennial Conclave of the Knights Templar of America to Be Notable Social and Masonic Event.

[Special Louisville (Ky.) Letter.]
THE twenty-eighth triennial conclave of the Knights Templar of America will be held in Louisville August 27 to 30 next. It will bring together perhaps the largest number of members of this great order—the York branch of masonry—ever assembled. As the first meeting in the new century the Louisville and Kentucky Knights here determined to make it the most successful in other ways than attendance in the history of Templarism. They are backed by an entertainment fund of \$100,000, one-fifth of which was subscribed by the city council.

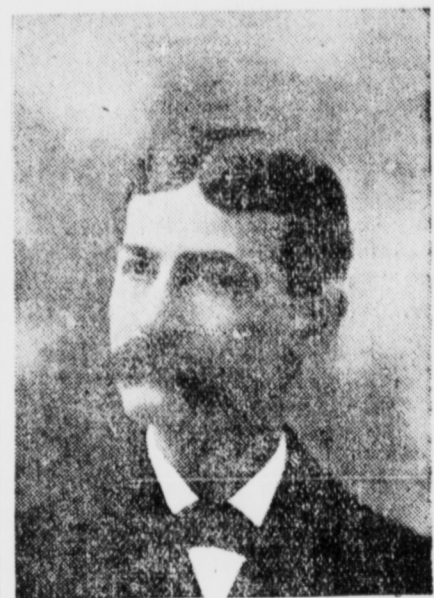
Louisville had a long and hard fight covering a space of 12 years before being allowed the honor of welcoming the White-Plumed army, and only won at Pittsburgh in 1898 by 17 votes, defeating Milwaukee. It was at the Smoky City conclave that Right Eminent Sir Charles C. Vogt, of the Falls City, was chosen an officer of the grand encampment, the national governing body of Templarism. He was elected grand captain of the guard, and although it will take 15 or more years for him to reach the highest position in the order, that of grand master, his home city considered the selection almost as great a reward as in getting the next meeting of the Knights. Mr. Vogt was therefore chosen president of the triennial committee and chairman of the executive committee, which have charge of the preliminary work of the twenty-eighth triennial.

One of his first appointments to a chairmanship of a standing committee was Col. J. T. Gathright, as head of the committee on hotels and accommodations. In this capacity Col.

Coxe, of Iowa, grand prelate of the grand encampment.

Monday will be devoted to receiving and escorting to their quarters all arriving commanderies. For this duty over 1,000 Kentucky Knights will serve on the committee. They will be organized according to military tactics, and no body of Templars will come to the city without being met at the depot by a squad or company of Knights and a brass band.

The big parade will be the feature for Tuesday morning. There will probably be 50,000 Templars—mounted and as infantry—in line and 125 bands, which will include some of the most famous musical organizations in the country. No military or semi-



RIGHT EM. SIR C. C. VOGT.
(President of the Louisville Triennial Committee.)

military pageant in the world approaches in magnificence these Templar parades. Every man is in uniform. Rich banners, valuable for their age as well as their original cost, will be carried. It will probably require five hours for the column to pass a given point.

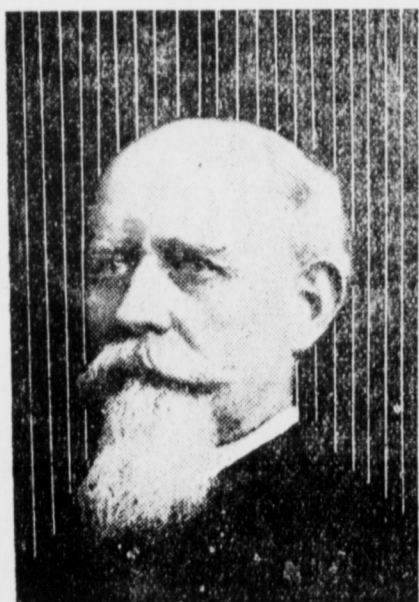
On Tuesday afternoon there will be boat excursions up the Ohio river, exclusively for Knights and their wives and daughters. These will be re-



INSIGNIA OF THE YORK RITE OF MASONRY.

Gathright has received every delegation of Templars that has visited Louisville to secure quarters for the conclave, and in this way has an acquaintance that extends in Templar circles into 35 states, this number of commonwealths having arranged to send large parties to the triennial. At the present time Illinois, Indiana, Ohio and Pennsylvania are prettily evenly matched in the race for supremacy in largest state representation.

Col. Gathright believes that Louisville is prepared to care for a crowd of 150,000 during the triennial. There are 30 hotels, 250 boarding houses, a



COL. J. T. GATHRIGHT.
Head of Louisville Committee on Hotels and Accommodations.

large number of the old southern homes for which Louisville is noted, a camp that will accommodate 4,000 and all the Pullman sidings for sleepers utilized as quarters, available for this purpose. It is thought from present indications that there will be 30,000 Knights and 10,000 ladies accompanying them. The rest of the crowd will come from the territory within a radius of 500 miles of Louisville.

The programme for the week is not yet complete, but as far as outlined it shows that the attractions will be up to the standard, and in many instances innovations. The week will open with divine service at the Broadway Methodist church, conducted by Very Eminent Sir and Rev. J. C. W.

peated every afternoon and night of conclave week.

Tuesday night the crowd will divide between a reception at the Masonic Widows' and Orphans' home, the pioneer institution of the kind in the United States, and a southern darky entertainment at Confederate hall, under the special supervision of Col. Will S. Hays, the noted song writer. The latter will show the colored man in every walk of life, from the ragtime artist to the "nigger dude." On Wednesday morning the competitive drill will be held at Churchill Downs, where the famous Kentucky Derby is run every spring. This is the first Templar competitive drill since the San Francisco conclave in 1883. There will be five handsome sterling silver trophies awarded the successful contestants. One of these is offered to the best mounted commandery.

There will be a horse display at the Jockey club grounds on Thursday and Friday. Here will be shown the Kentucky king at home—on native turf—the trotter, the pacer and the runner in his best form. For this exhibit of the equine aristocracy of the Blue Grass state all of the prominent studs of the commonwealth will be drawn on.

The grand ball will be the event of Thursday night. It will be given in the horse show building, which will accommodate about 15,000 dancers and spectators. No ball in recent years in the south will compare with what the Louisville Knights expect to give. It will bring together the cream of American citizenship and the queens of American womanhood.

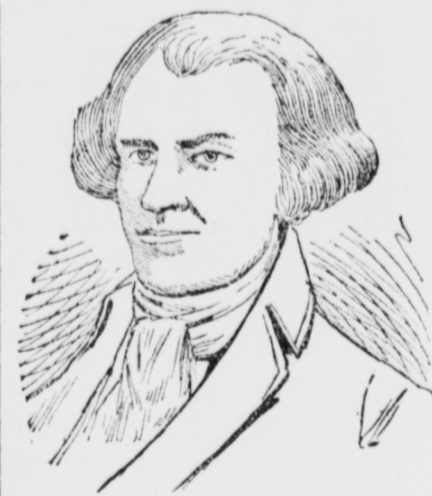
Other forms of entertainment are being discussed. There will be quite a number of private receptions. President McKinley, Rear Admiral Schley, Speaker Henderson and Hon. James D. Richardson are among the national characters that are expected, all having promised to attend if possible. Between \$35,000 and \$40,000 will be spent in illuminations and decorations. Of the former there will be about 50 arches, the main ones being a quadruple and a floral. Something like 1,000 palms and other growing plants will be used on the floral arch, while the quadruple will require 5,000 incandescent lights, and cost \$5,000. Four pillars, probably at the intersection of Fourth and Jefferson streets, will hold up an immense dome, on which will revolve a massive cross and crown. R. E. HUGHES.

THE PATENT OFFICE.

One of the Most Important Branches of Our Government.

Founded by the Framers of the Constitution and Carefully Nursed by the Officers First Placed in Charge of It.

[Special Washington Letter.]
FOR the first time in two score years the patent office has sufficient room for the transaction of its voluminous and increasingly important business. The interior department building, one of the most beautiful structures in this city, was



WILLIAM THORNTON.
(First Patent Clerk of the United States.)

overcrowded for many years, and its magnificent corridors were disfigured with book racks and other official impedimenta. But when the new post office department edifice was constructed, and that department was moved from its quarters opposite the interior department, the building which it had occupied since 1846 was taken possession of by the interior department; and this gave an opportunity for the commissioner of patents to so arrange the working force of his office that business might be carried on in a systematic manner.

By a wise provision of the constitution of our republic (article 1, paragraph 8 of section 8), the congress was given power to promote the progress of science and the useful arts, by securing to authors and inventors, for limited times, the exclusive right to their respective writings and discoveries. This portion of the constitution was obtained through the efforts of James Madison and Charles Pinckney, and was the beginning of the patent system. The first general law providing for patents was passed in 1790, and the first patent issued was to Samuel Hopkins, July 31, 1790, for making pot and pearl ashes.

Under this patent law the office fees were paid to the state department clerks who made out the patent. The fees amounted to \$3.70, and ten cents for every 100 words for filing the specification. The chief clerk of the state department issued the patent and received the fees as a part of his salary. Under this law, which was repealed in 1793, there was no patent office, and not even a division of patents. A new law was passed in 1793, and several amendments made thereafter. The issuing of patents, however, still remained in the state department.

In 1800 the department of state removed to Washington and took up its quarters at Pennsylvania avenue and Twenty-first street; and in May, 1802, President Jefferson appointed William Thornton as a clerk at \$1,400 per year to have charge of the issuing of patents. This William Thornton was an interesting character, especially to inventors and Washingtonians. An excellent portrait of him hangs in the commissioner's room in the patent office. Thornton had charge of the patent affairs from 1802 to his death in 1828. He was an intimate friend of Washington, and was by him appointed one



DR. THOMAS JONES.
(Second Superintendent of the United States Patent Office.)

of the three commissioners to survey and lay out the federal capital. Thornton's house, at 1331 F street, was one of the first private residences to be erected in Washington.

He was an Englishman and was born on the island of Tortola, his uncle being at that time president of the island. He first met Washington at Philadelphia and became a warm friend of the "Father of His Country," and his home on F street in Washington became a familiar resort of Washington when he was president.

A story is told of him that during the war of 1812, when the British captured the city of Washington and destroyed the capitol building, a loaded cannon was trained upon the patent office for the purpose of destroying it, and he said to have put himself before the gun, and in a frenzy of excitement exclaimed: "Are you Englishmen or only Goths and Vandals?"

This is the patent office, a depository of the ingenuity and inventions of the American nation, in which the whole civilized world is interested. Would you destroy it? If so, fire away, and let the charge pass through my body." The effect is said to have been magical upon the soldiers, and to have saved the patent office from destruction.

In 1821 Thornton assumed the title of superintendent, and was so registered in the government blue book, but it was not until 1830 that the law recognized the title by specifically mentioning the office.

The 1810 congress authorized the purchase of a building for the post office and the keeper of the patents. Into this building, where the post office now stands, Thornton moved the records, etc., of the patent office.

In 1816 the personnel of the patent office consisted of Superintendent William Thornton; \$1,400; Clerk William Elliott, \$300; and Messenger Benjamin Fenwick, \$72 per annum.

Dr. Thomas Jones, who succeeded Dr. Thornton as superintendent of the patent office, was born in Herefordshire county, England, in 1774. In 1826 he founded the famous Franklin Journal at Philadelphia. On April 12, 1828, he removed to Washington and took charge of the patent office under Henry Clay, secretary of state. This position he held until after the organization of the patent office under the act of July 4, 1836, at which time Hon. H. L. Ellsworth was made commissioner at a salary of \$3,000 per annum, and Charles M. Keller and Dr. Jones were appointed the next year examiners at a salary of \$1,500 per year. The officials of the office under Dr. Jones' reign were William Elliott, clerk, at a salary of \$1,000 a year; Alexander McIntire, clerk, at \$800, and B. Fenwick, messenger, at \$400. Dr. Jones resigned his position in 1838 at the age of 64.

In 1836 a new law was passed which was a return to the American system. The law established the patent office as a bureau under the department of state, and put it in charge of a chief officer to be called the commissioner of patents, at a salary of \$3,000 per annum, his duty being, under the direction of the secretary of state, to superintend the issuing of patents. The law further provided for a chief clerk, "an examining clerk," at \$1,500; two other clerks, one of them to be a



HON. H. L. ELLSWORTH.
(First Commissioner of the United States Patent Office.)

competent draughtsman; one other clerk, a machinist and a messenger. It provided also a seal for the office, and required that the patent should issue under that seal, and be signed by the secretary of state and countersigned by the commissioner.

The first patent issued under this law was to Hon. John Ruggles, for locomotive engines on inclined planes.

Henry L. Ellsworth was appointed the first commissioner under this law and Charles M. Keller examining clerk, and thereupon the present system of examinations began. Later the office was transferred from the department of state to the interior department. Every man has more or less inventive instinct, and there are thousands of attorneys throughout the land who devote their time and attention to the study of patent law, and to the interests of their inventive clients.

And right here, to be practical rather than historical and discursive, let it be known that no man, be he attorney or claim agent, can secure a patent for anybody by the use of money to influence a decision. No man should allow himself to be deceived on that score. Any attorney or claim agent who intimates anything of that character should be set down as a fraud. The commissioners and the assistant commissioners are always men of high character, standing well in their home communities and in this community. The examiners and clerks are honorable men. Each case receives as careful consideration as any case in a court of justice. Each case is decided upon its merits. Because of the careful consideration given to each case there are necessary delays which are often exasperating to the inventors who believe that their fortunes are being withheld from them, because each inventor looks upon his model and believes, as Col. Sellers believed, that "There's millions in it."

But there's not. The inventor usually gets some fame for his name; but the capitalist gets the cash-paying game. Poor men constitute a vast majority of inventors, probably because necessity is the mother of invention; but very few of them die any richer than they were born. SMITH D. FRY.

He Was Cautious.

Wederly—The doctor says I must take more exercise. Do you think I ought to begin with dumbbells? Mrs. Wederly—Suppose for a start you come out with me this afternoon and wheel the baby carriage. "I—or—re—ly, Mary, I couldn't think of it. I don't want to overdo the thing the first day."—Chicago Daily News.

New England Women

Have an Abiding Faith in Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.



After years of struggle to attain and merit public confidence, with a firm and steadfast belief that some day others would recognize in us the truth, good faith, and honesty of purpose which we know we possess, what a genuine satisfaction it is to succeed, and to realize the uplifting influence of the merited confidence of a vast army of our fellow beings.

Thus stands the Pinkham name in New England, and all over America, and nowhere is the faith in Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound greater than in New England, its home. Merit, and merit alone, can gain this.

ORGANIC INFLAMMATION.

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—I was troubled very badly with inflammation of the bladder, was sick in bed with it. I had two doctors, but they did me no good. A friend gave me Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and it helped me. I have now taken three bottles of it, and I am entirely cured. It is a God-send to any woman, and I would recommend it to any one suffering as I was. I think, if most of the women would take more of your medicine instead of going to the doctors, they would be better off. The Compound has also cured my husband of kidney trouble."

Mrs. MABEL GOOKIN.

Box 160, Mechanic Falls, Maine.

NERVOUS PROSTRATION.

"For two years I suffered from nervous prostration, the result of female weakness. I had leucorrhoea very badly, and at time of menstruation would be obliged to go to bed. Also suffered with headaches, pain across back, and in lower part of abdomen. I was so discouraged. I had read of Lydia E. Pinkham's Compound, and concluded to give it a trial. I wrote to Mrs. Pinkham, and received a very nice letter in return. I began at once the use of her Vegetable Compound and Blood Purifier, and am now feeling splendid. I have no more pain at monthly periods, can do my own work, and have gained ten pounds. I would not be without your Vegetable Compound. It is a splendid medicine. I am very thankful for what it has done for me."—Mrs. J. W. J., 76 Carolina Ave., Jamaica Plain, Mass.

If Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound will cure these women—why not you—you cannot tell until you try it. If you are ill, and really want to get well, commence its use at once, and do not let any drug clerk persuade you that he has something of his own which is better, for that is absurd. Ask him to produce the evidence we do.

PAINFUL PERIODS.

"I cannot help but feel that it is my duty to do something in regard to recommending your wonderful medicine. I must say it is the greatest medicine on earth, and have advised a great many suffering with female troubles to take it. I tell people I wish I could go on the platform and lecture on it."

"My trouble was painful menstruation. The suffering I endured cannot describe. I was treated by one of our most prominent physicians here for five months, and found myself getting worse instead of better. At the end of the fifth month he told me he had done all he could for me, and that I had better go to the hospital."

"My sister advised me to try your Vegetable Compound, as it cured her of backache. I did so, and took it faithfully, and am now cured of my trouble, and in perfect health, many thanks to your medicine. I cannot praise it enough, and would recommend it to all who suffer from any female weakness."—Mrs. H. S. BALL, 461 Orchard St., New Haven, Conn.

\$5000 REWARD.—We have deposited with the National City Bank of New York, \$5,000, which will be paid to any person who can find that the above testimonials are not genuine, or were published before obtaining the writer's special permission. LYDIA E. PINKHAM MEDICINE CO.

Low Rates to Texas.
At frequent intervals during 1901, round trip tickets will be sold via the **Cotton Belt Route**, from Cairo and Memphis to points in Arkansas, Louisiana, Texas, and Indian and Oklahoma Territories, at greatly reduced rates.
Tell us where you want to go; also when you would like to leave, and we will tell you when you can secure one of the low-rate tickets and what it will cost. We will also send you a complete schedule for the trip and an interesting little book, "A Trip to Texas."

W. C. PEETER, D. P. A., Memphis, Tenn. W. G. ADAMS, T. P. A., Nashville, Tenn.
F. R. WATTS, T. P. A., Cincinnati, Ohio. M. ADAMI, T. P. A., Cairo, Ill.
E. W. LAFARGE, G. P. and T. A., St. Louis, Mo.

W. L. DOUGLAS
\$3 & \$3.50 SHOES UNION MADE.
The real worth of my \$2.00 and \$2.50 shoes compared with other makes is \$4.00 to \$5.00. My \$4.00 Gilt Edge Line cannot be equalled at any price. Best in the world for men.
I make and sell more men's fine shoes, Goodyear Welt (Hand-Sewed French), than any other manufacturer in the world. I will pay \$1.00 to any one who can prove that my statement is not true.
(Signed) W. L. Douglas.
Take no substitute! Insist on having W. L. Douglas shoes with name and price stamped on bottom. Your dealer should keep them; I give one dealer exclusive sale in each town. If he does not keep them and will not get them for you, order direct from factory, enclosing price and 2c. extra for carriage. Over 1,000,000 satisfied wearers.
Fast Color Eyelets used exclusively. W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass.

FREE WINCHESTER SHOTGUNS
Our 160 page and illustrated catalogue.
FREE

Winchester
Factory loaded shotgun shells, "NEW RIVAL," "LEADER," and "REPEATER." A trial will prove their superiority.

FACTORY LOADED SHOTGUN SHELLS the winning combination in the field or at the trap. All dealers sell them.
WINCHESTER REPEATING ARMS CO.
180 WINCHESTER AVE., NEW HAVEN, CONN.

FUNNY FOLKS

Never Pleased.
"People are never satisfied," remarked the man with the mild eye and the gentle voice.
"What is the difficulty?"
"There is no real difficulty. I have merely been musing on how hard it is to please. When I was a boy people used to scold me for reading romances and detective stories instead of Shakespeare. Now that I have grown older and really enjoy Shakespeare, they sneer and ask why I insist on being such an old fogey."—Washington Star.

The Worm Turned.
"Are you going out to-night, dear?" said the husband to the emancipated woman.
"I am. It is the regular weekly meeting of the lodge."
"Then I want to say to you"—and there was an unusual defiance in the mild man's tone—"I want to say that if you are not home by 11 o'clock I shall go home to my father."—Leslie's Weekly.

Commendable Forethought.
"Your letters to me," said the affianced bride one day, "are so cold and formal."
"Surely, my dear," exclaimed the literary celebrity, stung by her reproach, "when they are published, after my death, they will be found to be models of composition, breathing the most exalted sentiments and couched in absolutely correct English!"—Chicago Tribune.

About the Size of It.
The greatest bore upon this earth, is he who talks about himself. And his small affairs alone. When you think he ought to listen. While you talk about your own. —Chicago Daily News.

ACCOUNTED FOR.



He—I always say what I think. She—I see you are extremely reticent.—The King.

A Danger.
Where'er man says, "I'll speak my mind." In tones with anger reeking. He falls, you'll very often find. To mind what he is speaking. —Washington Star.

Artful Dodging.

Billson—Hello, Jimson! I've caught you at last. I've been trying for three weeks to get hold of you, so as to pay you that ten dollars I owe you, but every time you suddenly disappeared.
Jimson—Eh? Have you been wanting to see me for that?
"Of course."
"Great snakes! I thought you wanted to borrow more."—N. Y. Weekly.

A Little Too Fast.

"Look here, sir," said the irate customer to the dry goods clerk; "you sold me a piece of goods warranted a fast color. It was green when I bought it, and now it has turned to a sickly blue in less than two weeks."
"Well, madam," expostulated the clerk, "you could hardly expect a color to go faster than that."—Leslie's Weekly.

His Epitaph.
Here lies what is left Of little Bub Carroll. He was cleaning his gun. And blew down the barrel. —Chicago Tribune.

UNRECOGNIZABLE.



Dooley—What's the matter wid ye, anyhow, Mike, ye are tattered an' torn an' bitten an' scratched all over.
Mick—Ay, and me own dog done it! I went home sober last night, an' the baste didn't know me!—Punch.

A Wish.
"Life's a dream," the bore declared, "We wake not till we die."
"If so, I wish that you'd wake up." The other made reply. —Philadelphia Press.

The Limit.
Jaggles—How can you say I got the better of the frame when you have not seen the horse I got?
Waggles—I saw the horse you had. —Judge.

Ready to Marry.
Friend—And so you are to marry George Slimpurse?
Sweet Girl—Yes, in a few weeks now. It will be a case of love in a cottage, and we've found a little gem of a place out in the country. We shall be so happy.
"I should like to meet him. Can't you have him here to tea some night?"
"Impossible, my dear. The cook has left, and we are obliged to go to a restaurant for meals."—N. Y. Weekly.

A LANGUAGE LESSON.



Cholly—And now that you've finished school, Miss Daisy, I suppose you can conjugate love in several languages.
Miss Daisy—No, but I can decline "you" in English.—Harlem Life.

The Variety of Night.
Under the sun there's naught That's strange, 'tis true; But mark me—every month The moon is new. —Detroit Free Press.

Her Part of It.

"And you made that hat yourself, Irene?" said the caller, in surprise.
"Why, it's as good a job as if you had paid some milliner \$25 for it."
"I'll tell you how she made it," put in Miss Irene's younger brother, with the superior knowledge that comes to a boy in his second year at manual training school. "She assembled it. She bought the parts and put them together."—Chicago Tribune.

Hoodooed.

Mrs. Crawford (after their first quarrel)—It was all your blame. Mamma always said I was the one girl in a million.

Crawford—A fellow can't play against such luck as that. Look what a chance I had to be happy for life, and to think that an old million-to-one shot had to come along and beat me out.—Judge.

Didn't Know.

"If I should steal a kiss from you, Pray, pretty maid, what would you do?" With eyelids drooped she murmured: "Well, Until you do, how can I tell?" —Harlem Life.

A MISTAKE SOMEWHERE.



Mrs. O'Hoolihan—Faith, Moike, th' father was after sayin' me tongue was an organ. Did iver ye hear th' loike?

Moike—Bedad, an' it's a bad mistake he's after makin'. Shore, an' they do say how there be shoptos on an organ; but there's devil a shopto yer tongue.—Detroit Free Press.

Clothed Their Remarks.

They both made protestations that were most hard to believe. But he was talking through his hat. While she laughed in her sleeve. —Chicago Record.

Must Have Jarred Him.

"And then," she said in telling of the romantic episode, "she sprang to his arms."
"She did?"
"Of course. Do you doubt it?"
"Oh, no," he replied, "but, after seeing her, I can't help thinking that it must have jarred him quite a bit."—Chicago Post.

Obedient Orders.

Mrs. Naggs (at telephone)—Is my husband in the office?
Office Boy—No, ma'am.
Mrs. Naggs—When will he be in?
Office Boy—I can't say.
Mrs. Naggs—Why can't you?
Office Boy—Because he told me not to.—Chicago Daily News.

His Natural Finish.

"There is one of the most concise statements of cause and effect that I ever saw."
"What is it?"
"Why, it's just the mere announcement that the husband of 17 wives is in a West Virginia poorhouse."—Chicago Post.

Explanatory.

Ethel (aged six)—What does "alphabetical order" mean, Johnny?
Johnny (aged seven)—Oh, that's when ma orders us to mind our p's and q's!—Judge.

Demand for More Battleships.

When the Secretary of the Navy recently demanded more battleships, Congress considered his recommendation favorably, and authorized the construction of several powerful warships. Protection is what our seaports require, and fortifications will not adequately supply this. Defense against all disorders of the digestive organs, such as dyspepsia, constipation, biliousness, rheumatism and nervousness, is adequately afforded by that efficient remedy, Hostetter's Stomach Bitters. Try it.

Conscientious by Degrees.

It is well to be thankful for small mercies. Such is the opinion of a man from whose pocket was stolen a purse containing \$25. Some months later he received this letter: "Dear Sir: I stold your money. Remorse nawes my conscience, and I have sent you \$5. When remorse nawes again I'll send you some more."—Tit-Bits.

Deafness Cannot Be Cured

by local applications, as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube gets inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever; nine cases of deafness are caused by catarrh, which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces.

We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Deafness (caused by catarrh) that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for circulars, free.
F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, O.
Sold by Druggists, 75c.
Hall's Family Pills are the best.

A New Wrinkle.

"The idea! What's this?" exclaimed the man who was idly skimming the fashion page.
"What's what?" inquired the other.
"It says here 'Lechorns' will be much used this summer." I've heard of a shoe horn, but a leg horn's new to me. I suppose tight trousers are responsible for it.—Philadelphia Press.

Remember the Date—July 6 to 10.

The above is the time of the annual meeting of the United Society of Christian Endeavor, at Cincinnati, Ohio. The Baltimore and Ohio Southwestern Railway has issued a handsome souvenir map and guide to Cincinnati which will be of much interest and value to all who contemplate a visit to the Queen City on the occasion mentioned. The map shows the principal churches, suburbs, resorts, railroads, street car lines, etc. This souvenir may be obtained from agents of the B. & O. S.W. Ry., or direct from O. P. McCarty, G. P. A., Cincinnati.

Extra Inducement.

The Merchants' Review tells this story on a drummer for an Itasca grocery house: The grocer recently sent out an energetic young man to canvass for new customers. He worked hard for the interests of his employer, and also somewhat wearied the good housewives whom he called upon. At one house he used up his whole line of argument and gasped for more, as the lady of the house still said she was perfectly satisfied with her regular grocer. Then a happy thought struck him, and he said: "Mrs. Jones, I wouldn't for the world say anything against the grocer you patronize, but let me ask you if you think he cares anything for you except your money? Do you think he intends to plant roses on your grave? Now, you just trade with my firm, and I guarantee they will give you entire satisfaction."

Best for All Concerned.

Comedy—I noticed you in the audience last night. What did you think of my part?
Critick—It suited you.
Comedy—What did you think was the best thing I got off?
"The stage."—Philadelphia Press.

Hardened to It.

"It is said of Stumper, the politician, who was shipwrecked on a desert island, that he never flinched when the cannibals put him in the fire."
"Of course, he didn't. Wasn't he used to being roasted?"—Philadelphia Bulletin.

A Poor Exhibition.

Stranger—The citizens must have felt very bad when they discovered they had lynched the wrong man.
Native—Terrible! Why, the man we strung up couldn't put up half the fight the real cuss could.—Chicago Daily News.

Somewhat Different.

Judge—Did I understand you to say that you consider the character of the defendant unimpeachable?
Witness—No, your honor. I said I considered it unbleachable. —Chicago Daily News.

You Can Get Allen's Foot-Ease FREE.

Write to-day to Allen S. Olmsted, Leroy, N. Y., for a FREE sample of Allen's Foot-Ease, a powder to shake into your shoes. It cures chubbins, sweating, damp, swollen, aching feet. It makes new or tight shoes easy. A certain cure for Corns and Bunions. All druggists and shoe stores sell it, 25c.

"A woman," said Mr. Plattwood, "can't keep a secret." "Hunt!" said little Johnny. "Teacher kep' me workin' an hour on a ole example, when she might have told me the answer any time."—Indianapolis Press.

Piso's Cure cannot be too highly spoken of as a cough cure.—J. W. O'Brien, 322 Third Ave., N., Minneapolis, Minn., Jan. 6, 1900.

Even if he has nothing, every man likes to say he has made his own way in the world.—Washington (La.) Democrat.

To Cure a Cold in One Day

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund money if it fails to cure. 25c.

Get your business rival into politics and keep out yourself.—Athens Globe.

Don't drink too much water when cycling.

Adams' Tutti Frutti is an excellent substitute.

It is shocking the amount of unnecessary talking that is done.—Washington (La.) Democrat.

FRAGRANT

SOZODONT

a perfect liquid dentifrice for the

Teeth and Mouth

New Size SOZODONT LIQUID, 25c
SOZODONT TOOTH POWDER, 25c
Large LIQUID and POWDER, 75c
At all Stores, or by Mail for the price.
HALL & RUCKEL, New York.



No crop can be grown without Potash. Supply enough Potash and your profits will be large; without Potash your crop will be "scrubby."

Our books, telling about composition of fertilizers best adapted for all crops, are free to all farmers. GERMAN KALI WORKS, 93 Nassau St., New York.

READERS OF THIS PAPER DESIRING TO BUY ANYTHING ADVERTISED IN ITS COLUMNS SHOULD INSIST UPON HAVING WHAT THEY ASK FOR, REFUSING ALL SUBSTITUTES OR IMITATIONS.

Use CERTAIN COUGH CURE.

A. N. K.-F 1862

WHEN WRITING TO ADVERTISERS please state that you saw the Advertisement in this paper.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children

Bears The Signature Of

Use For Over Thirty Years

The Kind You Have Always Bought

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

LION COFFEE

A LUXURY WITHIN THE REACH OF ALL!

A Tablespoonful to a Cup

IS THE RULE FOR MAKING COFFEE.

BUT 3/4 OF A TABLESPOONFUL OF

Lion Coffee

will give you stronger coffee than a tablespoonful of any other kind. Here is where you save money!

USE LION COFFEE!

Always insist upon getting it. LION COFFEE is absolutely pure, and not a coffee which is glazed or coated with egg mixtures or chemicals in order to hide imperfections.

Watch our next advertisement.

In every package of LION COFFEE you will find a fully illustrated and descriptive list. No housekeeper, in fact, no woman, man, boy or girl will fail to find in the list some article which will contribute to their happiness, comfort and convenience, and which they may have by simply cutting out a certain number of Lion Heads from the wrappers of our one pound sealed packages (which is the only form in which this excellent coffee is sold).

WOOLSON SPICE CO., TOLEDO, OHIO.

Woolson Spice Co., Toledo, Ohio.

Woolson Spice Co., Toledo, Ohio.

Woolson Spice Co., Toledo, Ohio.

Woolson Spice Co., Toledo, Ohio.

Woolson Spice Co., Toledo, Ohio.

Woolson Spice Co., Toledo, Ohio.

Woolson Spice Co., Toledo, Ohio.

Woolson Spice Co., Toledo, Ohio.

Woolson Spice Co., Toledo, Ohio.

Woolson Spice Co., Toledo, Ohio.

Woolson Spice Co., Toledo, Ohio.

Woolson Spice Co., Toledo, Ohio.

Woolson Spice Co., Toledo, Ohio.

Woolson Spice Co., Toledo, Ohio.

Woolson Spice Co., Toledo, Ohio.

Woolson Spice Co., Toledo, Ohio.

Woolson Spice Co., Toledo, Ohio.

Woolson Spice Co., Toledo, Ohio.

Woolson Spice Co., Toledo, Ohio.

Woolson Spice Co., Toledo, Ohio.

Woolson Spice Co., Toledo, Ohio.

Woolson Spice Co., Toledo, Ohio.

Woolson Spice Co., Toledo, Ohio.

Woolson Spice Co., Toledo, Ohio.

Woolson Spice Co., Toledo, Ohio.

Woolson Spice Co., Toledo, Ohio.

Woolson Spice Co., Toledo, Ohio.

Woolson Spice Co., Toledo, Ohio.

Woolson Spice Co., Toledo, Ohio.

Woolson Spice Co., Toledo, Ohio.

Woolson Spice Co., Toledo, Ohio.

Woolson Spice Co., Toledo, Ohio.

Woolson Spice Co., Toledo, Ohio.

Woolson Spice Co., Toledo, Ohio.

Woolson Spice Co., Toledo, Ohio.

Woolson Spice Co., Toledo, Ohio.

Woolson Spice Co., Toledo, Ohio.

Woolson Spice Co., Toledo, Ohio.

Woolson Spice Co., Toledo, Ohio.

Woolson Spice Co., Toledo, Ohio.

Woolson Spice Co., Toledo, Ohio.

Woolson Spice Co., Toledo, Ohio.

Woolson Spice Co., Toledo, Ohio.

Woolson Spice Co., Toledo, Ohio.

Woolson Spice Co., Toledo, Ohio.

Woolson Spice Co., Toledo, Ohio.

Woolson Spice Co., Toledo, Ohio.

Woolson Spice Co., Toledo, Ohio.

Woolson Spice Co., Toledo, Ohio.

